## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FORECLOSURES.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

. 1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Act 162, Session
3	Laws of Hawaii 2010, established a mortgage foreclosure task
4	force to recommend policies and procedures to improve the way
5	mortgage foreclosures are conducted in the State. Act 162
6	required the task force to submit its findings and
7	recommendations, including any proposed legislation, to the
8	legislature for the regular sessions of 2011 and 2012.
9	The task force held several public meetings over the
10	legislative interim of 2010 to discuss the various items for
11	review raised under Act 162. Based upon these discussions, the
12	task force adopted recommendations, including proposed
13	legislation, in its report to the legislature for the regular
14	session of 2011. Some of the task force's recommendations were
15	included in Act 48, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, a far-reaching
16	mortgage foreclosure reform measure that, among other things:

1	( 1 )	remporarriy authorized mortgagors who are occupying,
2		as a primary residence, real property that is subject
3	t.	to nonjudicial foreclosure to either:
4		(A) Participate in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
5		resolution program established under Act 48; or
6		(B) Convert the nonjudicial foreclosure to a judicial
7		foreclosure;
8	(2)	Imposed a temporary moratorium on all new nonjudicial
9		foreclosures conducted under part I of chapter 667,
10		Hawaii Revised Statutes; and
11	(3)	Specified prohibited conduct and consequences of
12		violations for foreclosing mortgagees, including
13		making any violation of the mortgage foreclosure law
14		under chapter 667, Hawaii Revised Statutes, an unfair
15		or deceptive act or practice subject to the enhanced
16		penalties under chapter 480, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
17	The t	task force met again over several public meetings
18	during the	e legislative interim of 2011 to continue its work
19	under Act	162. The focus of these meetings was divided among
20	these majo	or issues:
21	(1)	The new mortgage foreclosure provisions of Act 48,
22		Session Laws of Hawaii 2011;

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1	(2) Matters involving condominium and other homeowner
2	associations, including association liens and the
3	collection of unpaid assessments; and
4	(3) Mortgage foreclosure counseling and dispute resolution
5	issues.
6	Based upon its deliberations on these issues, the task force
<b>7</b>	adopted further recommendations in its report to the legislature
8	for the regular session of 2012.
9	The purpose of this Act is to implement the recommendations
10	of the mortgage foreclosure task force submitted to the
11	legislature for the regular session of 2012, and other best
12	practices to address mortgage foreclosures and related issues.
13	PART II
14	SECTION 2. Chapter 421J, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended as follows:
16	1. By adding three new sections to be appropriately
17	designated and to read:
18	"S421J-A Association fiscal matters; lien for assessments.
19	(a) All sums assessed by the association, but unpaid for the
20	share of the assessments chargeable to any unit, shall
21	constitute a lien on the unit. The priority of the
22	association's lien shall, except as otherwise provided by law,
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- 1 be as provided in the association documents or, if no priority 2 is provided in the association documents, by the recordation 3 date of the liens; provided that any amendment to the 4 association documents that governs the priority of liens on the 5 unit shall not provide that an association lien shall have priority over a mortgage lien that is recorded before the 6 7 amendment is recorded. A lien recorded by the association shall 8 expire two years from the date of recordation. 9 The lien of the association may be foreclosed by action or 10 by nonjudicial or power of sale foreclosure procedures set forth 11 in chapter 667, by the managing agent or board, acting on behalf 12 of the association and in the name of the association; provided 13 that no association may foreclose a lien against any unit that 14 arises solely from fines, penalties, legal fees, or late fees. 15 In any association foreclosure, the unit owner shall be required 16 to pay a reasonable rental for the unit, if so provided in the **17** association documents or the law, and the plaintiff in the 18 foreclosure shall be entitled to the appointment of a receiver 19 to collect the rental owed by the unit owner or any tenant of 20 the unit. If the association is the plaintiff, it may request 21 that its managing agent be appointed as receiver to collect the 22 rental from the tenant. The managing agent or board, acting on
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- 1 behalf of the association and in the name of the association, 2 may bid on the unit at foreclosure sale and acquire and hold, 3 lease, mortgage, and convey the unit thereafter as the board 4 deems reasonable. Action to recover a money judgment for unpaid 5 assessments shall be maintainable without foreclosing or waiving 6 the lien securing the unpaid assessments owed. (b) Except as provided in subsection (e) or in the 7 8 association documents, when the mortgagee of a mortgage of 9 record or other purchaser of a unit obtains title to the unit as **10** a result of foreclosure of the mortgage, the acquirer of title 11 and the acquirer's successors and assigns shall not be liable 12 for the share of the assessments by the association chargeable 13 to the unit that became due prior to the acquisition of title to 14 the unit by the acquirer. The unpaid share of assessments shall 15 be deemed to be assessments collectible from all of the unit 16 owners, including the acquirer and the acquirer's successors and 17 assigns. The mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the unit shall be deemed to acquire title and shall be required to pay 18 19 the unit's share of assessments beginning: 20 (1) Thirty-six days after the order confirming the sale to the purchaser has been filed with the court; 21
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1	(2)	Sixty days after the hearing at which the court grants
2		the motion to confirm the sale to the purchaser;
3	(3)	Thirty days after the public sale in a nonjudicial
4		power of sale foreclosure conducted pursuant to
5		chapter 667; or
6	(4)	Upon the recording of the instrument of conveyance;
7	whichever	occurs first; provided that the mortgagee of record or
8	other pur	chaser of the unit shall not be deemed to acquire title
9	under par	agraph (1), (2), or (3), if transfer of title is
10	delayed p	ast the thirty-six days specified in paragraph (1), the
11	sixty day	s specified in paragraph (2), or the thirty days
12	specified	in paragraph (3), when a person (other than the
13	mortgagee	of record or other purchaser of the unit) who appears
14	at the he	aring on the motion or a party to the foreclosure
15	action (o	ther than the mortgagee of record or other purchaser of
16	the unit)	requests reconsideration of the motion or order to
<b>17</b>	confirm s	ale, objects to the form of the proposed order to
18	confirm s	ale, appeals the decision of the court to grant the
19	motion to	confirm sale, or the debtor or mortgagor declares
20	bankruptc	y or is involuntarily placed into bankruptcy. In any
21	such case	, the mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the

1	unit shal	l be deemed to acquire title upon recordation of the
2	instrumen	t of conveyance.
3	(c)	Except as provided in section 667-B(c), no unit owner
4	shall wit	hhold any assessment claimed by the association. A
5	unit owne	r who disputes the amount of an assessment may request
6	<u>a written</u>	statement clearly indicating:
7	(1)	The amount of regular and special assessments included
8		in the assessment, including the due date of each
9		amount claimed;
10	(2)	The amount of any penalty, late fee, lien filing fee,
11		and any other charge included in the assessment;
12	<u>(3)</u>	The amount of attorneys' fees and costs, if any,
13		<pre>included in the assessment;</pre>
14	(4)	That under Hawaii law, a unit owner has no right to
15		withhold assessments for any reason;
16	(5)	That a unit owner has a right to demand mediation to
17		resolve disputes about the amount or validity of an
18		association's assessment; provided that the unit owner
19		immediately pays the assessment in full and keeps
20		assessments current; and

1	(6) That payment in full of the assessment does not
2	prevent the unit owner from contesting the assessment
3	or receiving a refund of amounts not owed.
4	Nothing in this section shall limit the rights of a unit owner
5	to the protection of all fair debt collection procedures
6	mandated under federal and state law.
7	(d) A unit owner who pays an association the full amount
8	claimed by the association may file a claim against the
9	association in court, including small claims court, or require
10	the association to mediate under section 421J-13 to resolve any
11	disputes concerning the amount or validity of the association's
12	claim. If the unit owner and the association are unable to
13	resolve the dispute through mediation, either party may file for
14	relief with a court; provided that a unit owner may only file
15	for relief in court if all amounts claimed by the association
16	are paid in full on or before the date of filing. If the unit
17	owner fails to keep all association assessments current during
18	the court hearing, the association may ask the court to
19	temporarily suspend the proceedings. If the unit owner pays all
20	association assessments within thirty days of the date of
21	suspension, the unit owner may ask the court to recommence the
22	proceedings. If the unit owner fails to pay all association
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    assessments by the end of the thirty-day period, the association
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    may ask the court to dismiss the proceedings. The unit owner
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    shall be entitled to a refund of any amounts paid to the
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    association that are not owed.
5
         (e) In conjunction with or as an alternative to
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    foreclosure proceedings under subsection (a), where a unit is
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    owner-occupied, the association may authorize its managing agent
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    or board, after sixty days written notice to the unit owner of
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    the unit's share of the assessments, to terminate the delinquent
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    unit's access to the common areas and cease supplying a
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    delinquent unit with any and all services normally supplied or
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    paid for by the association. Any terminated services and
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    privileges shall be restored upon payment of all delinquent
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    assessments, but need not be restored until payment in full is
15
    received.
16
         (f) Before the board or managing agent may take the
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    actions permitted under subsection (e), the board shall adopt a
18
    written policy providing for such actions and have the policy
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    approved by a majority vote of the unit owners, as provided in
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    the association documents, who are present in person or by proxy
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    or as otherwise permitted by the association documents, at an
    annual or special meeting of the association or by the written
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1	consent of	f a voting interest equal to a quorum of the unit
2	owners un	less the association documents already permit the
3	process.	
4	(g)	Subject to this subsection and subsection (h), the
5	board may	specially assess the amount of the unpaid regular
6	periodic a	assessments for assessments against a person who, in a
7	judicial o	or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, purchases a
8	delinquen	t unit; provided that:
9	(1)	A purchaser who holds a mortgage on a delinquent unit,
10		which mortgage is not subordinate to the priority of
11		lien by the association, and who acquires the
12		delinquent unit through a judicial or nonjudicial
13		foreclosure proceeding, including purchasing the
14		delinquent unit at a foreclosure auction, shall not be
15		obligated to make, nor be liable for, payment of the
16		special assessment as provided for under this
17		subsection; and
18	(2)	A person who subsequently purchases the delinquent
19		unit from the mortgagee referred to in paragraph (1)
20		shall be obligated to make, and shall be liable for,
21		payment of the special assessment provided for under
22		this subsection; and provided further that the

1		mortgagee or subsequent purchaser may require the
2	·	association to provide, at no charge, a notice of the
3		association's intent to claim a lien against the
4		delinquent unit for the amount of the special
5		assessment, prior to the subsequent purchaser's
6		acquisition of title to the delinquent unit. The
7		notice shall state the amount of the special
8		assessment, how that amount was calculated, and the
9		legal description of the unit.
10	(h)	The amount of the special assessment assessed under
11	subsection	n (g) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid
12	regular p	eriodic assessments that were assessed during the six
13	months im	mediately preceding the completion of the judicial or
14	nonjudici	al power of sale foreclosure.
15	<u>(i)</u>	For purposes of subsections (g) and (h), the following
16	definitio	ns shall apply, unless the context requires otherwise:
17	"Com	pletion" means:
18	(1)	In a nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, when the
19		affidavit required under section 667-33 is recorded;
20		and
21	(2)	In a judicial foreclosure, when a purchaser is deemed
22		to acquire title pursuant to subsection (b).

1	<u>"Reg</u>	ular periodic assessments" does not include:
2	(1)	Any special assessment, except for a special
3		assessment imposed on all units as part of a budget
4		adopted pursuant to the association documents;
5	(2)	Late charges, fines, or penalties;
6	(3)	Interest assessed by the association;
7	(4)	Any lien arising out of the assessment; or
8	<u>(5)</u>	Any fees or costs related to the collection or
9		enforcement of the assessment, including attorneys'
10		fees and court costs.
11	<u>§421</u>	J-B Association fiscal matters; collection of unpaid
12	assessmen	ts from tenants or rental agents. (a) If a unit owner
13	rents or	leases the unit and is in default for thirty days or
14	more in t	he payment of the unit's share of the regular
15	assessmen	ts, the board, for as long as the default continues,
16	may deman	d in writing and receive each month, or any other
17	period of	time for rental payment as provided in the lease, from
18	any tenan	t occupying the unit or rental agent renting the unit,
19	an amount	sufficient to pay all sums due from the unit owner to
20	the assoc	iation, including interest, if any, but the amount
21	shall not	exceed the tenant's rent due at the time of demand.
22	The tenan	t's payment under this section shall discharge that
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1	amount of	payment from the tenant's rent obligation, and any
2	contractu	al provision to the contrary shall be void as a matter
3	of law.	
4	(b)	Before taking any action under this section, the board
5	shall giv	re to the delinquent unit owner written notice of its
6	intent to	collect the rent owed. The notice shall:
7	(1)	Be sent both by first-class and certified mail;
8	(2)	Set forth the exact amount the association claims is
9		due and owing by the unit owner; and
10	(3)	Indicate the intent of the board to collect such
11		amount from the rent, along with any other amounts
12		that become due and remain unpaid.
13	<u>(c)</u>	The unit owner shall not take any retaliatory action
14	against t	he tenant for payments made under this section.
15	<u>(d)</u>	The payment of any portion of the unit's share of
16	regular a	ssessments by the tenant pursuant to a written demand
17	by the bo	eard is a complete defense, to the extent of the amount
18	demanded	and paid by the tenant, in an action for nonpayment of
19	rent brou	ght by the unit owner against a tenant.
20	<u>(e)</u>	The board may not demand payment from the tenant
21	pursuant	to this section if:

1	(1)	A commissioner or receiver has been appointed to take
2		charge of the unit pending a mortgage foreclosure;
3	(2)	A mortgagee is in possession of the unit pending a
4		mortgage foreclosure; or
5	(3)	The tenant is served with a court order directing
6		payment to a third party.
7	<u>(f)</u>	In the event of any conflict between this section and
8	any provi	sion of chapter 521, the conflict shall be resolved in
9	favor of	this section; provided that if the tenant is entitled
10	to an off	set of rent under chapter 521, the tenant may deduct
11	the offse	t from the amount due to the association, up to the
12	limits st	ated in chapter 521. Nothing herein precludes the unit
13	owner or	tenant from seeking equitable relief from a court of
14	competent	jurisdiction or seeking a judicial determination of
15	the amoun	t owed.
16	(g)	Before the board may take the actions permitted under
17	subsectio	n (a), the board shall adopt a written policy providing
18	for the a	ctions and have the policy approved by a majority vote
19	of the un	it owners, as provided in the association documents,
20	who are p	resent in person or by proxy or as otherwise permitted
21	by the as	sociation documents, at an annual or special meeting of
22	the assoc	iation or by the written consent of a voting interest
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1	equal to a quorum of the unit owners unless the association
2	documents already permit the process.
3	§421J-C Release of recorded liens of units by
4	associations. (a) Any association that records a lien on a
5	unit at the bureau of conveyance or the office of the assistant
6	registrar of the land court, or both, shall provide to the unit
7	owner a release of the recorded lien upon full satisfaction of
8	the recorded lien and discharge of any secured debt. The
9	instrument for the release of the recorded lien shall:
10	(1) Be duly acknowledged;
11	(2) Sufficiently describe the recorded lien that has been
12	satisfied; and
13	(3) Be recordable in the bureau of conveyances or office
14	of the assistant registrar of the land court, or both
15	as appropriate.
16	(b) If the association fails to provide a release of the
17	recorded lien as required by this section within thirty days
18	from the date of a request made in writing by any party in
19	interest, and sent by certified or registered mail to the
20	association at its last known address, then:
21	(1) Any title insurer or underwritten title company as
22	defined in section 431:20-102 may execute the release

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1		of the recorded lien on behalf of the unit owner;
2		provided that:
3		A) The release shall have attached to it an
4		affidavit setting forth proof, such as a canceled
5		check or written confirmation from the unit
6		owner, that reasonably establishes that the
7		secured debt has been discharged and the
8		association has been fully satisfied; and
9		B) The release shall be executed by an officer of
10		the title insurer or underwritten title company.
11		f an association's recorded lien is released by a
12		itle insurer or underwritten title company pursuant
13		o this subsection but the secured debt has not been
14		ischarged, the recorded lien has not been fully
15		atisfied, and the title insurer or underwritten title
16		company acted with gross negligence or in bad faith in
17		eleasing the lien, the title insurer or underwritten
18		itle company releasing the recorded lien shall be
19		iable to the association for treble damages and
20		easonable attorneys' fees and costs; or
21	(2)	he unit owner or a company issuing title insurance to
22		new owner of the unit, or the escrow company charged

1	by t	he unit owner with obtaining the release of the
2	reco	rded lien, or any other interested party, as
3	plai	ntiff, may institute an action in any circuit
4	cour	t to obtain the release of the recorded lien;
5	prov	ided that:
6	(A)	The plaintiff in the action shall mail a copy of
7		the complaint to the association by certified or
8		registered mail addressed to the association at
9		its last known address;
10	<u>(B)</u>	If the association does not file an answer to the
11		complaint within forty-five days after the
12		mailing, the court, upon receipt of an affidavit
13		of mailing required by this section and upon
14		satisfactory proof that the secured debt has been
15		discharged and the lien has been fully satisfied,
16		shall issue an order releasing the lien recorded
17		by the association, which order shall be recorded
18		in the bureau of conveyances or office of the
19		assistant registrar of the land court, or both,
20		as appropriate; and
21	<u>(C)</u>	Upon a finding of good cause by the court, the
22		plaintiff shall be entitled to treble damages and

1	reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in
2	the action unless the court finds that the
3	association had a reasonable basis for believing
4	that a dispute existed regarding whether the
5	recorded lien should have been released."
6	2. By adding a new definition to section 421J-2 to be
7	appropriately inserted and to read:
8	""Assessment" means funds collected by an association from
9	association members to operate and manage the association,
10	maintain property within the planned community for the common
11	use or benefit of association members, or provide services to
12	association members. The term also means expenditures made by,
13	or financial liabilities of, the association for operation of
14	the property and includes any allocations to reserves."
15	SECTION 3. Chapter 514A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended by adding a new section to part V to be appropriately
17	designated and to read as follows:
18	"§514A- Release of recorded liens of apartments by
19	associations. (a) Any association of apartment owners that
20	records a lien on an apartment at the bureau of conveyance or
21	the office of the assistant registrar of the land court, or
22	both, shall provide to the apartment owner a release of the
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1	recorded lien upon full satisfaction of the recorded lien and
2	discharge of any secured debt. The instrument for the release
3	of the recorded lien shall:
4	(1) Be duly acknowledged;
5	(2) Sufficiently describe the recorded lien that has been
6	satisfied; and
7	(3) Be recordable in the bureau of conveyances or office
8	of the assistant registrar of the land court, or both,
9	as appropriate.
10	(b) If the association of apartment owners fails to
11	provide a release of the recorded lien as required by this
12	section within thirty days from the date of a request made in
13	writing by any party in interest, and sent by certified or
14	registered mail to the association of apartment owners at its
15	last known address, then:
16	(1) Any title insurer or underwritten title company as
17	defined in section 431:20-102 may execute the release
18	of the recorded lien on behalf of the apartment owner;
19	<pre>provided that:</pre>
20	(A) The release shall have attached to it an
21	affidavit setting forth proof, such as a canceled
22	check or written confirmation from the apartment

1		owner, that reasonably establishes that the
2		secured debt has been discharged and the
3		association of apartment owners has been fully
4		satisfied; and
5		(B) The release shall be executed by an officer of
6		the title insurer or underwritten title company.
7		If an association of apartment owners' recorded lien
8		is released by a title insurer or underwritten title
9		company pursuant to this subsection but the secured
10		debt has not been discharged, the recorded lien has
<b>11</b> .		not been fully satisfied, and the title insurer or
12		underwritten title company acted with gross negligence
13		or in bad faith in releasing the lien, the title
14		insurer or underwritten title company releasing the
15		recorded lien shall be liable to the association of
16		apartment owners for treble damages and reasonable
17		attorneys' fees and costs; or
18	(2)	The apartment owner or a company issuing title
19		insurance to a new owner of the apartment, or the
20		escrow company charged by the apartment owner with
21		obtaining the release of the recorded lien, or any
22		other interested party, as plaintiff, may institute an

1	<u>acti</u>	on in any circuit court to obtain the release of
2	the	recorded lien; provided that:
3	(A)	The plaintiff in the action shall mail a copy of
4		the complaint to the association of apartment
5		owners by certified or registered mail addressed
6		to the association of apartment owners at its
7		last known address;
8	(B)	If the association of apartment owners does not
9		file an answer to the complaint within forty-five
10		days after the mailing, the court, upon receipt
11		of an affidavit of mailing required by this
12		section and upon satisfactory proof that the
13		secured debt has been discharged and the lien has
14		been fully satisfied, shall issue an order
15		releasing the lien recorded by the association of
16	,	apartment owners, which order shall be recorded
17		in the bureau of conveyances or office of the
18		assistant registrar of the land court, or both,
19		as appropriate; and
20	(C)	Upon a finding of good cause by the court, the
21		plaintiff shall be entitled to treble damages and
22		reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in

1	the action unless the court finds that the
2	association of apartment owners had a reasonable
3	basis for believing that a dispute existed
4	regarding whether the recorded lien should have
5	been released."
6	SECTION 4. Chapter 514B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by adding a new section to part VI, subpart C, to be
8	appropriately designated and to read as follows:
9	"§514B- Release of recorded liens of units by
10	associations. (a) Any association that records a lien on a
11	unit at the bureau of conveyance or the office of the assistant
12	registrar of the land court, or both, shall provide to the unit
13	owner a release of the recorded lien upon full satisfaction of
14	the recorded lien and discharge of any secured debt. The
15	instrument for the release of the recorded lien shall:
16	(1) Be duly acknowledged;
17	(2) Sufficiently describe the recorded lien that has been
18	satisfied; and
19	(3) Be recordable in the bureau of conveyances or office
20	of the assistant registrar of the land court, or both,
21	as appropriate.

1	<u>(b)</u>	If t	ne association fails to provide a release of the
2	recorded	lien a	as required by this section within thirty days
3	from the	date d	of a request made in writing by any party in
4	interest,	and :	sent by certified or registered mail to the
5	associati	on at	its last known address, then:
6	(1)	<u>Any</u>	title insurer or underwritten title company as
7		defi	ned in section 431:20-102 may execute the release
8		of the	ne recorded lien on behalf of the unit owner;
9		prov	ided that:
10		(A)	The release shall have attached to it an
11			affidavit setting forth proof, such as a canceled
12			check or written confirmation from the unit
13			owner, that reasonably establishes that the
14			secured debt has been discharged and the
15			association has been fully satisfied; and
16		(B)	The release shall be executed by an officer of
17			the title insurer or underwritten title company.
18		If a	n association's recorded lien is released by a
19		title	e insurer or underwritten title company pursuant
20		to the	nis subsection but the secured debt has not been
21		disc	narged, the recorded lien has not been fully
22		sati	sfied, and the title insurer or underwritten title

_		<u> </u>	any acces with gross negrigence of in bas faren in
2		rele	easing the lien, the title insurer or underwritten
3		<u>titl</u>	e company releasing the recorded lien shall be
4		liab	ele to the association for treble damages and
5		reas	onable attorneys' fees and costs; or
6	(2)	The	unit owner or a company issuing title insurance to
7		a ne	w owner of the unit, or the escrow company charged
8		by t	he unit owner with obtaining the release of the
9		reco	rded lien, or any other interested party, as
10		plai	ntiff, may institute an action in any circuit
11		cour	t to obtain the release of the recorded lien;
12		prov	ided that:
13		<u>(A)</u>	The plaintiff in the action shall mail a copy of
14			the complaint to the association by certified or
15			registered mail addressed to the association at
16			its last known address;
17		(B)	If the association does not file an answer to the
18			complaint within forty-five days after the
19			mailing, the court, upon receipt of an affidavit
20			of mailing required by this section and upon
21			satisfactory proof that the secured debt has been
22			discharged and the lien has been fully satisfied,

1		shall issue an order releasing the lien recorded
2		by the association, which order shall be recorded
3		in the bureau of conveyances or office of the
4		assistant registrar of the land court, or both,
5		as appropriate; and
6	<u>(C)</u>	Upon a finding of good cause by the court, the
7		plaintiff shall be entitled to treble damages and
8		reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in
9		the action unless the court finds that the
10		association had a reasonable basis for believing
11		that a dispute existed regarding whether the
12		recorded lien should have been released."
13	SECTION 5	. Chapter 667, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended as fol	lows:
15	1. By de:	signating part I as part IA and amending the title
16	of that part to	o read:
17		"PART [1.] IA. FORECLOSURE BY ACTION [OR
18		FORECLOSURE BY POWER OF SALE]"
19	2. By de:	signating section 667-1 as section 667-1.5.
20	3. By amo	ending the title of part II to read:
21	"[+] ₽2	ART II.[ <del>] ALTERNATE</del> ] POWER OF SALE FORECLOSURE
22		PROCESS"

1 4. By adding a new part I to read: 2 "PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS 3 **§667-1 Definitions.** As used in this chapter: "Approved budget and credit counselor" means a Hawaii-based 4 5 budget and credit counseling agency that has received approval 6 from a United States trustee or bankruptcy administrator to 7 provide instructional courses concerning personal financial 8 management pursuant to title 11 United States Code section 111. "Approved housing counselor" means a Hawaii-based housing 9 10 counseling agency that has received approval from the United 11 States Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide 12 housing counseling services pursuant to section 106(a)(2) of the 13 Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, title 12 United 14 States Code section 1701x, as the agency appears on the United 15 States Department of Housing and Urban Development website. 16 "Assessment" has the same meaning as "common expenses" in 17 section 514B-3 and "assessment" in section 421J-2. 18 "Association" has the same meaning as defined in sections 421J-2 and 514B-3. 19 20 "Association documents" has the same meaning as defined in section 421J-2 and includes the "declaration" defined in section 21

- 1 514B-3 and the "bylaws" described in section 514B-108,
- 2 respectively.
- 3 "Association lien" has the same meaning as the lien
- 4 established under section 421J-A or 514B-146.
- 5 "Borrower" means the borrower, maker, cosigner, or
- 6 guarantor under a mortgage agreement.
- 7 "Department" means the department of commerce and consumer
- 8 affairs.
- 9 "Director" means the director of commerce and consumer
- 10 affairs.
- 11 "Dispute resolution" means a facilitated negotiation under
- 12 part V between a mortgagor and mortgagee for the purpose of
- 13 reaching an agreement for mortgage loan modification or other
- 14 agreement in an attempt to avoid foreclosure or to mitigate
- 15 damages if foreclosure is unavoidable.
- 16 "Foreclosure notice" means notice of default and intention.
- 17 to foreclose prepared pursuant to section 667-22.
- 18 "Mailed" means to be sent by first class mail, postage
- 19 prepaid, unless otherwise expressly directed in this chapter.
- 20 "Mortgage" means a mortgage, security agreement, or other
- 21 document under which property is mortgaged, encumbered, pledged,
- 22 or otherwise rendered subject to a lien for the purpose of



- 1 securing the payment of money or the performance of an
- 2 obligation.
- 3 "Mortgage agreement" includes the mortgage, the note or
- 4 debt document, or any document amending any of the foregoing.
- 5 "Mortgaged property" means the property that is subject to
- 6 the lien of the mortgage.
- 7 "Mortgagee" means the current holder of record of the
- 8 mortgagee's or the lender's interest under the mortgage or the
- 9 current mortgagee's or lender's duly authorized agent.
- 10 "Mortgagor" means the mortgagor or borrower named in the
- 11 mortgage and, unless the context otherwise indicates, includes
- 12 the current owner of record of the mortgaged property whose
- 13 interest is subject to the mortgage.
- "Neutral" means a person who is a dispute resolution
- 15 specialist assigned to facilitate the dispute resolution process
- 16 required by part V.
- 17 "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means foreclosure under power of
- **18** sale.
- 19 "Owner-occupant" means a person, at the time that a notice
- 20 of default and intention to foreclose is served on the mortgagor
- 21 under the power of sale:

1	(1) Who owns an interest in the residential property, and
2	the interest is encumbered by the mortgage being
3	foreclosed; and
4	(2) For whom the residential property is and has been the
5	person's primary residence for a continuous period of
6	not less than two hundred days immediately preceding
7	the date on which the notice is served.
8	"Power of sale" or "power of sale foreclosure" means a
9	nonjudicial foreclosure when the mortgage contains, authorizes,
10	permits, or provides for a power of sale, a power of sale
11	foreclosure, a power of sale remedy, or a nonjudicial
12	foreclosure.
13	"Property" means property (real, personal, or mixed), an
14	interest in property (including fee simple, leasehold, life
15	estate, reversionary interest, and any other estate under
16	applicable law), or other interests that can be subject to the
17	lien of a mortgage.
18	"Record" means to record or file a document in the office
19	of the assistant registrar of the land court under chapter 501
20	or to record a document in the bureau of conveyances under
21	chapter 502, or both, as applicable.

- 1 "Residential property" means real property that is improved
- 2 and used for residential purposes.
- 3 "Serve", when referring to providing notice of intention to
- 4 foreclose or notice of default and intention to foreclose
- 5 pursuant to a nonjudicial foreclosure, means to have service of
- 6 the notice of default and intention to foreclose made in
- 7 accordance with the service of process or the service of summons
- 8 under the Hawaii rules of civil procedure and under sections
- 9 634-35 and 634-36, excluding however, any return or affidavit of
- 10 service obligations required therein.
- 11 "Time share interest" has the same meaning as in section
- **12** 514E-1.
- "Unit" has the same meaning as in sections 421J-2 and 514B-
- **14** 3.
- "Unit owner" has the same meaning as "member" in section
- 16 421J-2 and "unit owner" in section 514B-3."
- 17 5. By adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 18 to read:
- 19 "PART . ASSOCIATION ALTERNATE POWER OF SALE
- 20 FORECLOSURE PROCESS
- 21 §667-A Alternate power of sale process. The power of sale
- 22 process in this part is an alternative process for associations



30

1 to the foreclosure by action in part IA and the foreclosure by 2 power of sale in part II. 3 §667-B Notice of default and intention to foreclose; contents; distribution; alternative remedies for failure to 4 serve. (a) When a unit owner has failed to pay an assessment, 5 and when the association intends to conduct a power of sale 6 7 foreclosure under this part, the association shall prepare a 8 written notice of default and intention to foreclose addressed 9 to the unit owner. The notice of default and intention to 10 foreclose shall state: 11 The name and address of the association; (1)**12** (2) The name and last known address of the unit owners; 13 (3) With respect to the unit, the address or a description 14 of its location, tax map key number, and certificate 15 of title or transfer certificate of title number if **16** registered in the land court; 17 (4)The description of the default or, if the default is a 18 monetary default, an itemization of the delinquent 19 amount; 20 The action required to cure the default, including the (5)

delinquent amount and the estimated amount of the

association's attorney's fees and costs, and all other

21

22

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1		fees and costs related to the default estimated to be
2		incurred by the association by the deadline date;
3	(6)	The date by which the default must be cured, which
4		shall be within sixty days after service of the notice
5		of default and intention to foreclose;
6	(7)	A statement that if the default is not cured by the
7		deadline date stated in the notice of default and
8		intention to foreclose, the entire unpaid balance of
9		the moneys owed to the association will become due,
10		that the association intends to conduct a power of
11		sale foreclosure to sell the unit at a public sale
12		without any court action and without going to court,
13		and that the association or any other person may
14	-	acquire the unit at the public sale;
15	(8)	A statement that if the default is not cured by the
16		deadline date stated in the notice of default and
17		intention to foreclose, the association may publish
18		the public notice of the public sale on a website
19		maintained by the department, pursuant to section 667-
20		F(d)(2);
21	(9)	The name, address, electronic address, and telephone
22		number of the attorney who is representing the

1		association; provided that the attorney shall be
2		licensed to practice law in the State and physically
3		located in the State; and
4	(10)	Notice of the right of the unit owner to submit a
5		payment plan within thirty days pursuant to subsection
6		(c).
7	(b)	The notice of default and intention to foreclose shall
8	also cont	ain wording substantially similar to the following in
9	all capit	al letters and printed in not less than fourteen-point
10	font:	
11		"IF THE DEFAULT ON THE PAYMENT OF ASSESSMENTS
12		CONTINUES AFTER THE DEADLINE DATE IN THIS NOTICE, THE
13		UNIT MAY BE FORECLOSED AND SOLD WITHOUT ANY COURT
14		ACTION AND WITHOUT GOING TO COURT.
15	•	YOU MAY HAVE CERTAIN LEGAL RIGHTS OR DEFENSES.
16		FOR ADVICE, YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH AN ATTORNEY
17		LICENSED IN THIS STATE.
18		ALL FUTURE NOTICES AND CORRESPONDENCE WILL BE
19		MAILED TO YOU AT THE ADDRESS AT WHICH YOU RECEIVED
20		THIS NOTICE UNLESS YOU SEND WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS TO
21		THIS OFFICE INFORMING THIS OFFICE OF A DIFFERENT
22		ADDRESS. THE WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE SENT TO

1	THIS OFFICE BY CERTIFIED MAIL, REGISTERED MAIL, OR
2	EXPRESS MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID AND RETURN RECEIPT
3	REQUESTED."
4	(c) A unit owner may submit a payment plan within thirty
5	days after service of a notice of default and intention to
6	foreclose on the unit owner. The unit owner shall submit the
7	payment plan to the association or its attorney by certified
8	mail return receipt requested or by hand delivery. A unit owner
9	may also cure the default within sixty days after service of a
10	notice of default and intention to foreclose on the unit owner
11	by paying the association the full amount of the default,
12	including the foreclosing association's attorneys' fees and
13	costs, and all other fees and costs related to the default that
14	are incurred or estimated to be incurred by the foreclosing
15	association. The association shall not reject a reasonable
16	payment plan. From and after the date that the unit owner gives
17	written notice to the association of its intent to cure the
18	default or timely submits a payment plan, any nonjudicial
19	foreclosure of the lien shall be stayed during the sixty-day
20	period to cure the default or during the term of the payment
21	plan or a longer period that is agreed upon by the parties. A
22	unit owner's failure to strictly perform any agreed-upon payment

- 1 plan shall entitle the association to pursue its remedies
- 2 without further delay.
- For purposes of this section, "reasonable payment plan"
- 4 means a plan that provides for:
- 5 (1) Timely payment of all assessments that become due
- 6 after the date that the payment plan is proposed; and
- 7 (2) Additional monthly payments of an amount sufficient to
- 8 cure the default, within a reasonable period under the
- 9 circumstances as determined by the board of directors
- in its discretion; provided that a period of up to
- 11 twelve months shall be deemed reasonable; and provided
- further that the board of directors shall have the
- discretion to agree to a payment plan in excess of
- twelve months.
- 15 (d) The notice of default and intention to foreclose shall
- 16 also include contact information for approved housing counselors
- 17 and approved budget and credit counselors.
- 18 (e) The association shall have the notice of default and
- 19 intention to foreclose served on:
- 20 (1) The unit owner;
- 21 (2) Any prior or junior creditors who have a recorded lien
- on the unit before the recordation of the notice of

1		default and intention to foreclose under section
2		667-C;
3	(3)	The state director of taxation;
4	(4)	The director of finance of the county where the unit
5		is located; and
6	(5)	Any other person entitled to receive notice under
7		section 667-5.5.
8	(f)	If the association is unable to serve the notice of
9	default a	nd intention to foreclose on the unit owner or any
10	other par	ty listed in subsection (e)(2) to (5) within sixty
11	days, the	association may:
12	(1)	File a special proceeding in the circuit court of the
13		circuit in which the unit is located, for permission
14		to proceed with a nonjudicial foreclosure by serving
15		the unit owner only by publication and posting;
16	(2)	Proceed with a nonjudicial foreclosure of the unit;
17		provided that if the association proceeds without the
18		permission of the court, the association shall not be
19		entitled to obtain a deficiency judgment against the
20		unit owner, and the unit owner shall have one year
21		from the date the association records the deed in the

nonjudicial foreclosure to redeem the unit; or

22

<b>1</b> (3)	Take control of the unit if the unit is unoccupied,
2	after giving notice to the unit owner at the unit
3	owner's last known address as shown on the records of
4	the association or as determined by the association as
5	part of its due diligence to serve notice to the
6	owner. The association's authority to take control of
7	the unit pursuant to this paragraph shall be exercised
8	solely for the purpose of renting the unit to generate
9	rental income to pay the unit owner's delinquency, and
10	the association shall acquire no legal title to the
11	unit. In addition, the association shall credit the
12	net rental proceeds generated from the rental of the
13	unit to the owner's delinquency. For purposes of this
14	paragraph, "net rental proceeds" means the rental
15	proceeds remaining each month after deducting:
16	(A) The unit's regular monthly assessments that come
17	due while the association controls the unit
18	pursuant to this subsection;
19	(B) Any rental agent commissions; and
20	(C) Expenses incurred by the association in

maintaining the unit in rentable condition.

1	If the unit owner pays the full amount of the unit
2	owner's delinquency to the association, the
3	association shall return control of the unit to the
4	unit owner; provided that the full amount of the
5	owner's delinquency shall be calculated by deducting
6	the net rental proceeds, if any, from the owner's
7	delinquency.
8	§667-C Recordation of notice of default and intention to
9	foreclose. Before the deadline date in the notice of default
10	and intention to foreclose, the notice may be recorded in a
11	recordable form in a manner similar to recordation of notices of
12	pendency of action under section 501-151 or section 634-51, or
13	both, as applicable. The recorded notice of default and
14	intention to foreclose shall have the same effect as a notice of
15	pendency of action. From and after the recordation of the
16	notice of default and intention to foreclose, any person who
17	becomes a purchaser or encumbrancer of the unit shall be deemed
18	to have constructive notice of the power of sale foreclosure and
19	shall be bound by the foreclosure.
20	§667-D Cure of default. (a) If the default is cured as
21	required by the notice of default and intention to foreclose, or
22	if the parties have agreed on a payment plan, the association
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- 1 shall rescind the notice of default and intention to foreclose.
- 2 Within fourteen days of the date of the cure or an agreement on
- 3 a payment plan, the association shall so notify any person who
- 4 was served with the notice of default and intention to
- 5 foreclose. If the notice of default and intention to foreclose
- 6 was recorded, a release of the notice of default and intention
- 7 to foreclose shall be recorded.
- 8 (b) If the default is not cured as required by the notice
- 9 of default and intention to foreclose, or the parties have not
- 10 agreed on a payment plan, the association, without filing a
- 11 court action and without going to court, may foreclose the
- 12 association's lien under power of sale to sell the unit at a
- 13 public sale.
- 14 §667-E Date of public sale of unit; place of sale. (a)
- 15 The public sale of the unit shall take place on the later of the
- 16 following:
- 17 (1) At least sixty days after the public notice of the
- 18 public sale is distributed under section 667-F; or
- 19 (2) At least fourteen days after the date of the
- 20 publication of the third public notice advertisement
- under section 667-F(d).

1	(b)	The public sale of the unit shall be held only in the
2	county wh	ere the unit is located; provided that the public sale
3	shall be	held only on grounds or at facilities under the
4	administr	ation of the State, as follows:
5	(1)	At the state capitol, for a public sale of a unit
6		located in the city and county of Honolulu;
7	(2)	At a state facility in Hilo, for a public sale of a
8		unit located in the districts of Hamakua, north Hilo,
9		south Hilo, or Puna;
10	(3)	At a state facility in Kailua-Kona, for a public sale
11		of a unit located in the districts of north Kohala,
12		south Kohala, north Kona, south Kona, or Kau;
13	(4)	At a state facility in the county seat of Maui, for a
14		public sale of a unit located in the county of Maui;
15		and
16	(5)	At a state facility in the county seat of Kauai, for a
17		public sale of a unit located in the county of Kauai;
18	as design	ated by the department of accounting and general
19	services;	provided further that no public sale shall be held on
20	grounds o	r at facilities under the administration of the
21	judiciary	. The public sale shall be held during business hours
22	on a busi	ness day.



on a business day.

1	(c)	The public sale of the unit shall be conducted by the
2	associatio	on on the date, at the time, and at the place described
3	in the pul	blic notice of the public sale.
4	§667	-F Public notice of public sale; contents;
5	distribut	ion; publication. (a) The association shall prepare
6	the public	c notice of the public sale. The public notice shall
7	state:	
8	(1)	The date, time, and place of the public sale;
9	(2)	The unpaid balance of the moneys owed to the
10		association;
11	(3)	A description of the unit, including the address and
12		the tax map key number of the unit;
13	(4)	The name of the unit owner;
14	(5)	The name of the association;
15	(6)	The name of any prior or junior creditors having a
16		recorded lien on the unit before the recordation of
17		the notice of default and intention to foreclose under
18		section 667-C;
19	(7)	The name, the address in the State, and the telephone
20		number in the State of the person in the State
21		conducting the public sale; and

(8) The terms and conditions of the public sale.

1	(b)	The public notice shall also contain wording
2	substanti	ally similar to the following in all capital letters:
3		"THE DEFAULT UNDER THE ASSOCIATION
4		DOCUMENTS MAY BE CURED NO LATER THAN THREE
5		BUSINESS DAYS BEFORE THE DATE OF THE PUBLIC
6		SALE OF THE UNIT BY PAYING THE ENTIRE AMOUNT
7		THAT WOULD BE OWED TO THE ASSOCIATION PLUS
8		THE ASSOCIATION'S ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS,
9		AND ALL OTHER FEES AND COSTS INCURRED BY THE
10		FORECLOSING ASSOCIATION RELATED TO THE
11		DEFAULT, UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED TO BETWEEN
12		THE ASSOCIATION AND THE UNIT OWNER. THERE
13		IS NO RIGHT TO CURE THE DEFAULT OR ANY RIGHT
14		OF REDEMPTION AFTER THAT TIME. IF THE
15		DEFAULT IS SO CURED, THE PUBLIC SALE SHALL
16		BE CANCELED."
17	(c)	If the default is not cured as required by the notice
18	of defaul	t and intention to foreclose, the association shall
19	have a co	py of the public notice of the public sale of the unit
20	(1)	Mailed or delivered to the unit owners at their
21		respective last known addresses;

1	(2)	Mailed or delivered to any prior or junior creditors
2		having a recorded lien on the unit before the
3		recordation of the notice of default and intention to
4		foreclose under section 667-C;
5	(3)	Mailed or delivered to the state director of taxation;
6	(4)	Mailed or delivered to the director of finance of the
7		county where the unit is located;
8	(5)	Posted on the unit or on such other real property of
9		which the unit is a part; and
10	(6)	Mailed or delivered to any other person entitled to
11	÷	receive notice under section 667-5.5 or 667-21.5.
12	(d)	The association shall have the public notice of the
13	public sa	le:
14	(1)	Printed in not less than seven-point font and
15		published in the classified section of a newspaper of
16		general circulation in the real property tax zone in
17		which the unit is located, as shown on the applicable
18		county real property tax maps kept by each respective
19		county's real property tax assessment division, except
20		for the county of Kalawao which shall be considered

its own geographic area for the purposes of this

-	paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, a
2	newspaper is of general circulation if the newspaper:
3	(A) Contains news of a general nature; and
4	(B) Is distributed within the county where the
5	mortgaged property is located:
6	(i) At least weekly;
7	(ii) For a minimum of six months unless
8	interrupted by strike, natural disaster, or
9	act of war or terror; and
10	(iii) To a minimum of one per cent of the
11	residents of the county, as determined by
12	the last decennial United States census and
13	as verified by an independent audit.
14	A person may apply to the circuit court for an order
15	confirming a newspaper to be of general circulation
16	for purposes of this paragraph, which the court shall
17	grant upon proof of compliance with this paragraph.
18	The public notice shall be published once each week
19	for three consecutive weeks, constituting three
20	publications. The public sale shall take place no
21	sooner than fourteen days after the date of the

1		publicati	on of	the	third	public	notice	adve	rtise	emen	ıt;
2		or									
3	(2)	Not less	than	twent	tv-eiah	nt davs	before	the	date	of	t.h

- (2) Not less than twenty-eight days before the date of the public sale, published on a website maintained by the department; provided that the unit is owned by an owner-occupant.
- 7 §667-G Postponement, cancellation of sale. (a) The
  8 public sale may be either postponed or canceled by the
  9 association. Notice of the postponement or the cancellation of
  10 the public sale shall be:
- 11 (1) Announced by the association at the date, time, and place of the last scheduled public sale; and
- (2) Provided to any other person who is entitled toreceive the notice of default under section 667-B.
- 15 If there is a postponement of the public sale of the 16 unit, a new public notice of the public sale shall be published 17 once in the format described in section 667-F. The new public notice shall state that it is a notice of a postponed sale. The 18 public sale shall take place no sooner than fourteen days after 19 20 the date of the publication of the new public notice. Not less 21 than fourteen days before the date of the public sale, a copy of 22 the new public notice shall be posted on the unit or on another

- 1 real property of which the unit is a part, and it shall be
- 2 mailed or delivered to the unit owner  $[\tau]$  and to any other person
- 3 entitled to receive notice under section 667-B(e).
- 4 (c) Upon the fourth postponement of every series of four
- 5 consecutive postponements, the association shall follow all of
- 6 the public notice of public sale requirements of section 667-F,
- 7 including the requirements of mailing and posting under section
- 8 667-F(c) and of publication under section 667-F(d).
- 9 (d) The default under the association documents may be
- 10 cured no later than three business days before the date of the
- 11 public sale of the unit by paying the entire amount that would
- 12 be owed to the association if the payments under the association
- 13 documents had not been accelerated, plus the association's
- 14 attorney's fees and costs, and all other fees and costs incurred
- 15 by the association related to the default, unless otherwise
- 16 agreed to between the association and the unit owner. There is
- 17 no right to cure the default or any right of redemption after
- 18 that time. If the default is so cured, the public sale shall be
- 19 canceled.
- 20 §667-H Authorized bidder; successful bidder. Any person,
- 21 including the association, shall be authorized to bid for the
- 22 unit at the public sale and to purchase the unit. The highest



1 bidder who meets the requirements of the terms and conditions of 2 the public sale shall be the successful bidder. The public sale 3 shall be considered as being held when the unit is declared by 4 the association as being sold to the successful bidder. 5 the public sale is held, the successful bidder at the public sale, as the purchaser, shall make a nonrefundable downpayment 6 7 to the association of not less than ten per cent of the highest 8 successful bid price. If the successful bidder is the 9 association, the downpayment requirement may be satisfied by **10** offset and a credit bid up to the amount of the lien debt. 11 §667-I Successful bidder's failure to comply; forfeiture **12** of downpayment. If the successful bidder later fails to comply 13 with the terms and conditions of the public sale or fails to 14 complete the purchase within forty-five days after the public 15 sale is held, the downpayment shall be forfeited by that bidder. 16 The forfeited downpayment shall be credited by the association first towards the association's attorney's fees and costs, then 17 18 towards the fees and costs of the power of sale foreclosure, and any balance towards the moneys owed to the association. 19 20 association, in its discretion, may then accept the bid of the 21 next highest bidder who meets the requirements of the terms and

- 1 conditions of the public sale or may begin the public sale
- 2 process again.
- 3 §667-J Conveyance of property on payment of purchase
- 4 price; distribution of sale proceeds. (a) After the purchaser
- 5 completes the purchase by paying the full purchase price and the
- 6 costs for the purchase, the unit shall be conveyed to the
- 7 purchaser by a conveyance document. The conveyance document
- 8 shall be in a recordable form and shall be signed by the
- 9 association in the association's name. The unit owner shall not
- 10 be required to sign the conveyance document.
- 11 (b) From the sale proceeds, after paying in the following
- 12 order:
- 13 (1) The association's attorney's fees and costs;
- 14 (2) The fees and costs of the power of sale foreclosure;
- 15 (3) The moneys owed to the association; and
- 16 (4) All other liens and encumbrances in the order of
- 17 priority as a matter of law,
- 18 the balance of the sale proceeds shall be distributed by the
- 19 association to junior creditors having valid liens on the unit
- 20 in the order of their priority and not pro rata. Any remaining
- 21 surplus after payment in full of all valid lien creditors shall
- 22 be distributed to the unit owner.



1	(C)	Lien creditors prior to the association shall not be
2	forced to	their right of recovery. However, the association and
3	any prior	lien creditor may agree in writing that the proceeds
4	from the s	sale will be distributed by the association to the
5	prior lien	creditor towards the payment of moneys owed to the
6	prior lien	creditor before any moneys are paid to the
7	associatio	on.
8	§ <b>667</b> -	K Affidavit after public sale; contents. (a) After
9	the public	sale is held, the association shall sign an affidavit
10	under pena	alty of perjury:
11	(1)	Stating that the power of sale foreclosure was made
12		pursuant to the power of sale provision in the law or
13		association documents;
14	(2)	Stating that the power of sale foreclosure was
15		conducted as required by this part;
16	(3)	Summarizing what was done by the association;
17	(4)	Attaching a copy of the recorded notice of default and
18		intention to foreclose; and
19	(5)	Attaching a copy of the last public notice of the
20		public sale.

1	(b)	The recitals in the affidavit required under
2	subsection	n (a) may, but need not, be substantially in the
3	following	form:
4	(1)	I am duly authorized to represent or act on behalf of
5		(name of association)
6		("association") regarding the following power of sale
7		foreclosure. I am signing this affidavit in
8		accordance with the alternate power of sale
9		foreclosure law (Chapter 667, Part , Hawaii Revised
10		Statutes);
11	(2)	The association is a "association" as defined in the
12		power of sale foreclosure law;
13	(3)	The power of sale foreclosure is of an association
14		lien. If the lien was recorded, the lien was dated
15		, and recorded in the
16		(bureau of conveyances or office
17		of the assistant registrar of the land court) as
18		(recordation information). The
19		unit is located at: (address or
20		description of location) and is identified by tax map
21		key number: The legal
22		description of the property, including the certificate

1		of title or transfer certificate of title number if
2		registered with the land court, is attached as Exhibit
3		"A";
4	(4)	Pursuant to the power of sale provision of law or
5		association documents, the power of sale foreclosure
6		was conducted as required by the power of sale
7		foreclosure law. The following is a summary of what
8		was done:
9		(A) A notice of default and intention to foreclose
10		was served on the mortgagor, the borrower, and
11		the following person: The
12		notice of default and intention to foreclose was
13		served on the following date and in the following
14		manner:;
15		(B) The date of the notice of default and intention
16		to foreclose was (date).
17		The deadline in the notice for curing the default
18		was (date), which deadline
19		date was at least sixty days after the date of
20		the notice;
21		(C) The notice of default and intention to foreclose
22		was recorded before the deadline date in the

1		(bureau of conveyances or
2		office of the assistant registrar of the land
3		court). The notice was recorded on
4		(date) as document no.
5		A copy of the recorded
6		notice is attached as Exhibit "1";
7	(D)	The default was not cured by the deadline date in
8		the notice of default and intention to foreclose;
9	(E)	A public notice of the public sale was initially
10		published in the classified section of the
11		, in accordance with section
12		667-F(d), Hawaii Revised Statutes, once each week
13		for three consecutive weeks on the following
14		dates: A copy of the
15		affidavit of publication for the last public
16		notice of the public sale is attached as Exhibit
17		"2". The date of the public sale was
18		(date). The last
19		publication was not less than fourteen days
20		before the date of the public sale;
21	(F)	The public notice of the public sale was sent to
22		the unit owner, to the state director of

1		taxation, to the director of finance of the
2		county where the unit is located, and to the
3		following: The public
4		notice was sent on the following dates and in the
5		following manner: Those
6		dates were after the deadline date in the notice
7		of default and intention to foreclose, and those
8		dates were at least sixty days before the date of
9		the public sale;
10	(G)	The public notice of the public sale was posted
11		on the unit or on such other real property of
12		which the unit is a part on
13		(date). That date was at least sixty days before
14		the date of the public sale;
15	(H)	A public sale of the unit was held on a business
16		day during business hours on:
17		(date), at (time), at the
18		following location: The
19		highest successful bidder was
20		(name) with the highest
21		successful bid price of \$;
22		and

T		(1) At the time the public sale was held, the default
2		was not cured; and
- 3	(5)	This affidavit is signed under penalty of perjury.
4	§ <b>667</b>	-L Recordation of affidavit, conveyance document;
5	effect.	(a) The affidavit required under section 667-K and the
6	conveyanc	e document shall be recorded no earlier than ten days
7	after the	public sale is held but not later than forty-five days
8	after the	public sale is held. The affidavit and the conveyance
9	document	may be recorded separately and on different days.
10	After the	recordation, the association shall mail or deliver a
11	recorded	copy to those persons entitled to receive the public
12	notice of	the public sale under section 667-F(c).
13	(b)	When both the affidavit and the conveyance document
14	are recor	ded:
15	(1)	The sale of the unit is considered completed;
16	(2)	All persons claiming by, through, or under the
17		mortgagor and all other persons having liens on the
18		unit junior to the lien of the association shall be
19		forever barred of and from any and all right, title,
20		interest, and claims at law or in equity in and to the
21		unit and every part of the unit, except as otherwise
22		provided by law;

1	(3) The lien of the association and all liens junior in
2	priority to the lien of a association shall be
3	automatically extinguished from the unit; and
4	(4) The purchaser shall be entitled to immediate and
5	exclusive possession of the unit.
6	(c) The mortgagor and any person claiming by, through, or
7	under the mortgagor and who is remaining in possession of the
8	unit after the recordation of the affidavit and the conveyance
9	document shall be considered a tenant at sufferance subject to
10	eviction or ejectment. The purchaser may bring an action in the
11	nature of summary possession under chapter 666, ejectment, or
12	trespass or may bring any other appropriate action in a court
13	where the unit is located to obtain a writ of possession, a writ
14	of assistance, or any other relief. In any such action, the
15	court shall award the prevailing party its reasonable attorneys
16	fees and costs and all other reasonable fees and costs, all of
17	which are to be paid for by the non-prevailing party.
18	§667-M Recordation; full satisfaction of debt by borrower
19	The recordation of both the conveyance document and the
20	affidavit shall not operate as full satisfaction of the debt
21	owed by the unit owner to the association unless the sale
22	proceeds from the unit or the amounts paid by a purchaser under

- 1 the special assessment permitted by section 421J-A or 514B-146 2 are sufficient to satisfy the unit owner's debt to the 3 association, including the association's legal fees and costs. 4 The debts of other lien creditors are unaffected except as 5 provided in this part. 6 **§667-N** Prohibited conduct. It shall be a prohibited 7 practice for any association to engage in any of the following 8 practices: 9 (1)Holding a public sale on a date, at a time, or at a 10 place other than that described in the public notice 11 of the public sale or a properly noticed postponement; 12 (2) Specifying a fictitious place in the public notice of 13 the public sale; 14 (3) Conducting a postponed public sale on a date other than the date described in the new public notice of 15 16 the public sale; or 17 (4) Completing or attempting to complete nonjudicial foreclosure proceedings against a unit owner in 18 19 violation of section 667-B(c)." 20 PART III 21 Section 454M-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is SECTION 6.
  - amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:



1	"(a)	A mortgage servicer licensed or acting under this
2	chapter,	in addition to any other duties imposed by law, shall:
3	(1)	Safeguard and account for any money handled for the
4		borrower;
5	(2)	Act with reasonable skill, care, timeliness,
6		promptness, and diligence;
7	(3)	Disclose to the commissioner in the servicer's license
8		application and each yearly renewal a complete,
9		current schedule of the ranges of costs and fees it
10		charges borrowers for its servicing-related
11		activities;
12	(4)	File a report with each yearly renewal statement in a
13		form and format acceptable to the director detailing
14		the servicer's activities in this State, including:
15		(A) The number of mortgage loans the servicer is
16		servicing;
17		(B) The type and characteristics of loans serviced in
18		this State;
19		(C) The number of serviced loans in default, along
20		with a breakdown of thirty-, sixty-, and ninety-
21		day delinquencies;

1		(D)	Information on loss mitigation activities,
2			including details on workout arrangements
3			undertaken;
4		(E)	Information on foreclosures commenced in this
5			State;
6		(F)	The affiliations of the mortgage servicer,
7			including any lenders or mortgagees for which the
8			mortgage servicer provides service, any
9			subsidiary or parent entities of the mortgage
10			servicer, and a description of the authority held
11			by the mortgage servicer through its
12			affiliations; and
13		(G)	Any other information that the commissioner may
14			require; and
15	(5)	Main	tain an office in the State that is staffed by at
16		leas	t one agent or employee for the purposes of
17		addr	essing consumer inquiries or complaints and
18		acce	pting service of process; provided that the
19		mort	gage servicer's business constitutes at least a
20		twen	ty per cent share of the portion of the total
21		mort	gage loan service market in the State that was

serviced by mortgage servicers licensed under this

1	chapter within the previous calendar year; and
2	provided further that nothing in this section shall
3 '	prohibit a mortgagee as defined by section $[667-21]$
4	667-1 or a mortgage servicer from contracting with a
5	licensee that maintains an office in this State in
6	conformity with this section for the purposes of
7	addressing consumer inquiries or complaints and
8	accepting service of process."
9	SECTION 7. Section 454M-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	"\$454M-10 Penalty. Any person who violates any provision
12	of this chapter may be subject to an administrative fine of [at
13	<pre>least \$1,000 and] not more than \$7,000 for each violation;</pre>
14	provided that $\$1,000$ of the $\underline{aggregate}$ fine $\underline{amount}$ shall be
15	deposited into the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution
16	special fund established pursuant to section 667-86."
17	SECTION 8. Section 501-151, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	"§501-151 Pending actions, judgments; recording of,
20	notice. No writ of entry, action for partition, or any action
21	affecting the title to real property or the use and occupation
22	thereof or the buildings thereon, and no judgment, nor any
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- 1 appeal or other proceeding to vacate or reverse any judgment,
- 2 shall have any effect upon registered land as against persons
- 3 other than the parties thereto, unless a full memorandum
- 4 thereof, containing also a reference to the number of
- 5 certificate of title of the land affected is filed or recorded
- 6 and registered. Except as otherwise provided, every judgment
- 7 shall contain or have endorsed on it the State of Hawaii general
- 8 excise taxpayer identification number, the federal employer
- 9 identification number, or the last four digits only of the
- 10 social security number for persons, corporations, partnerships,
- 11 or other entities against whom the judgment is rendered. If the
- 12 judgment debtor has no social security number, State of Hawaii
- 13 general excise taxpayer identification number, or federal
- 14 employer identification number, or if that information is not in
- 15 the possession of the party seeking registration of the
- 16 judgment, the judgment shall be accompanied by a certificate
- 17 that provides that the information does not exist or is not in
- 18 the possession of the party seeking registration of the
- 19 judgment. Failure to disclose or disclosure of an incorrect
- 20 social security number, State of Hawaii general excise taxpayer
- 21 identification number, or federal employer identification number
- 22 shall not in any way adversely affect or impair the lien created



- 1 upon recording of the judgment. This section does not apply to
- 2 attachments, levies of execution, or to proceedings for the
- 3 probate of wills, or for administration in a probate court;
- 4 provided that in case notice of the pendency of the action has
- 5 been duly registered it is sufficient to register the judgment
- 6 in the action within sixty days after the rendition thereof.
- 7 As used in this chapter "judgment" includes an order or
- 8 decree having the effect of a judgment.
- 9 Notice of the pendency of an action in a United States
- 10 District Court, as well as a court of the State of Hawaii, may
- 11 be recorded.
- Notice of opening a dispute resolution case as provided in
- 13 section 667-79 may be recorded.
- 14 Foreclosure notice as provided in section [667-14] 667-23
- 15 may be recorded.
- 16 The party seeking registration of a judgment shall redact
- 17 the first five digits of any social security number by blocking
- 18 the numbers out on the copy of the judgment to be filed or
- 19 recorded."
- 20 SECTION 9. Section 501-241, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 21 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

1	(a)	without limiting the generality of subsection (a),			
2	the follo	wing instruments need not be registered pursuant to			
3	this chapter to be effective and shall be recorded in the bureau				
4	of conveyances pursuant to chapter 502:				
5	(1)	An assignment or other instrument transferring a			
6		leasehold time share interest;			
7	(2)	A mortgage or other instrument granting a lien on a			
8		leasehold time share interest;			
9	(3)	An agreement of sale for the sale of a leasehold time			
10		share interest. Any such agreement of sale shall be			
11		subject to section 502-85 and shall not be subject to			
12		section 501-101.5;			
13	(4)	A lien or notice of lien pertaining to a leasehold			
14		time share interest in favor of a time share owners			
15		association, an association of owners under chapter			
16		514A or 514B, or a similar homeowner's association;			
17	(5)	A judgment, decree, order of court, attachment, writ,			
18		or other process against a leasehold time share			
19		interest;			
20	(6)	A mechanic's or materialman's lien or other lien upon			
21		a leasehold time share interest;			

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1	(7)	A lis pendens or notice of pendency of action, notice,
2		affidavit, demand, certificate, execution, copy of
3		execution, officer's return, or other instrument
4		relating to a leasehold time share interest and
5		otherwise required or permitted to be recorded or
6		registered in connection with the enforcement or
7		foreclosure of any lien, whether by way of power of
8		sale pursuant to [section 667-5,] chapter 667 or
9		otherwise;
10	(8)	A power of attorney given by the owner of a leasehold

- (8) A power of attorney given by the owner of a leasehold time share interest or the vendor or vendee under an agreement of sale for the sale of a leasehold time share interest, a mortgagee or other lienor having a mortgage or lien upon a leasehold time share interest, or another party holding a claim or encumbrance against or an interest in a leasehold time share interest; or
- (9) An instrument assigning, extending, continuing, dissolving, discharging, releasing in whole or in part, reducing, canceling, extinguishing, or otherwise modifying or amending any of the foregoing instruments."

1	SECTION 10. Section 501-263, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"[ $\{\}$ 501-263[ $\}$ ] Effect of deregistration in specific
4	cases. Notwithstanding section 501-262(a)(3), the following
5	documents, instruments, and papers need not be registered
6	pursuant to this chapter to be effective and shall be recorded
7	in the bureau of conveyances pursuant to chapter 502:
8	(1) Any document, instrument, or paper assigning,
9	extending, continuing, dissolving, discharging,
10	releasing in whole or in part, reducing, canceling,
11	extinguishing, or otherwise modifying or amending any
12	of the following documents, instruments, or papers
13	that have been registered pursuant to this chapter and
14	that pertain to deregistered land:
15	(A) A mortgage;
16	(B) An agreement of sale for the sale of a fee time
17	share interest or interest in other deregistered
18	land. After the recordation of the certificate
19	of title, any agreement of sale shall be subject
20	to section 502-85 and shall not be subject to
21	section 501-101.5;

1	(C)	A correction deed, correction mortgage, or other
2		document, instrument, or paper correcting a
3		document, instrument, or paper registered
4		pursuant to this chapter;
5	(D)	A lien or claim of lien on a fee time share
6		interest held or claimed by a time share owners
7		association, an association of apartment owners,
8		or other homeowners' association or a lien or
9		claim on an interest in other deregistered land
10		held by a lienor or person claiming a lien;
11	(E)	A lease that demises a fee time share interest or
12		interest in other deregistered land;
13	(F)	An order of court, attachment, writ, or other
14		process against a fee time share interest or
15		interest in other deregistered land;
16	(G)	A mechanic's or materialman's lien or other lien
17		upon a fee time share interest or interest in
18		other deregistered land;
19	(H)	A lis pendens or notice of pendency of action,
20		notice, affidavit, demand, certificate,
21		execution, copy of execution, officer's return,
22		or other instrument relating to a fee time share

1			interest or interest in other deregistered land
2			and otherwise required or permitted to be
3			recorded or registered in connection with the
4			enforcement or foreclosure of any lien, whether
5			by way of power of sale pursuant to [a power of
6			sale under section 667-5, chapter 667 or
7			otherwise; or
8		(I)	A power of attorney given by the owner of a fee
9			time share interest or interest in other
10			deregistered land or the vendor or vendee under
11			an agreement of sale for the sale of a fee time
12			share interest or interest in other deregistered
13			land, a mortgagee or other lienor having a
14			mortgage or lien upon a fee time share interest
15			or interest in other deregistered land, or
16			another party holding a claim or encumbrance
17			against or an interest in a fee time share
18			interest or interest in other deregistered land;
19	(2)	A li	s pendens or notice of pendency of action, notice
20		affi	davit, demand, certificate, execution, copy of
21		exec	ution, officer's return, or other instrument
22		rela	ting to a fee time share interest or interest in

1		other deregistered land and otherwise required or
2		permitted to be recorded or registered in connection
3		with the enforcement or foreclosure of any lien,
4		whether by way of power of sale pursuant to [a power
5		of sale under section 667-5, chapter 667 or
6		otherwise; and
7	(3)	Any declaration annexing property to, any declaration
8		deannexing property from, any amendment or supplement

- deannexing property from, any amendment or supplement to, correction of, or release or termination of, any of the following documents, instruments, or papers that have been registered pursuant to this chapter and that pertain to deregistered land:
  - (A) A declaration of covenants, conditions,
    restrictions, or similar instrument, by whatever
    name denominated, establishing or governing a
    time share plan, or the bylaws of a time share
    owners association, notice of time share plan, or
    other time share instrument;
  - (B) A declaration of condominium property regime or similar declaration by whatever name denominated, the bylaws of the association of apartment owners, the condominium map, any declaration of

1	merger and any instrument effecting a merger;
2	provided that if only some of the condominium
3	apartments are included in the time share plan,
4	then it shall be necessary to register, and to
5	note on the certificate of title for any
6	apartment not included in the time share plan:
7	(i) Any declaration annexing property to the
8 .	condominium property regime;
9	(ii) Any declaration deannexing property from the
10	condominium property regime;
11	(iii) Any instrument effecting a merger of two or
12	more condominium projects or two or more
13	phases of a condominium project; and
14	(iv) Any document, instrument, or paper amending,
15	supplementing, correcting, releasing, or
16	terminating any of the documents listed in
17	subparagraph (B)(i) through (iii), the
18	declaration of condominium property regime,
19	the bylaws of the association of apartment
20	owners, the condominium map, or any
21	declaration of merger; and

1	(C)	A dec	claration of covenants, conditions,
2		rest	rictions, or similar instrument, by whatever
3		name	denominated, the bylaws of any homeowners
4		asso	ciation, any declaration of annexation or
5		deanı	nexation, any amendments and supplements
6		there	eto, and any cancellation or extinguishment
7		there	eof, any declaration of merger and any
8		inst	rument effecting a merger; provided that if
9		only	some of the parcels of land covered by the
10		decla	aration constitutes deregistered land, and if
11		one o	or more of the remaining parcels constitute
12		regi	stered land, then it shall be necessary to
13		regi	ster, and to note on the certificate of title
14		for a	any registered land:
15		(i)	Any declaration annexing property to the
16			declaration;
17		(ii)	Any declaration deannexing property from the
18			operation of the declaration; and
19	(	iii)	Any document, instrument, or paper amending,
20			supplementing, correcting, releasing, or
21			terminating any of the documents listed in
22			subparagraph (C)(i) or (ii), the declaration

1	of covenants, conditions, restrictions, or				
2	the bylaws of the homeowners association."				
3	SECTION 11. Section 514A-90, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is				
4	amended as follows:				
5	1. By amending subsections (a) and (b) to read:				
6	"(a) All sums assessed by the association of apartment				
7	owners but unpaid for the share of the common expenses chargeable				
8	to any apartment constitute a lien on the apartment prior to all				
9	other liens, except:				
10	(1) Liens for taxes and assessments lawfully imposed by				
11	governmental authority against the apartment; and				
12	(2) All sums unpaid on any mortgage of record that was				
13	recorded prior to the recordation of notice of a lien				
14	by the association of apartment owners, and costs and				
15	expenses including attorneys' fees provided in such				
16	mortgages[-];				
17	provided that a lien recorded by the association of apartment				
18	owners shall expire two years from the date of recordation.				
19	The lien of the association of apartment owners may be				
20	foreclosed by action or by nonjudicial or power of sale				
21	foreclosure procedures set forth in chapter 667, by the managing				
22	agent or board of directors, acting on behalf of the association				

- 1 of apartment owners[, in-like manner as a mortgage of real
- 2 property.] and in the name of the association of apartment owners;
- 3 provided that no association of apartment owners may foreclose a
- 4 lien against any apartment that arises solely from fines,
- 5 penalties, legal fees, or late fees. In any such foreclosure,
- 6 the apartment owner shall be required to pay a reasonable rental
- 7 for the apartment, if so provided in the bylaws  $[\tau]$  or the law, and
- 8 the plaintiff in the foreclosure shall be entitled to the
- 9 appointment of a receiver to collect the rental owed [-] by the
- 10 apartment owner or any tenant of the apartment. If the
- 11 association of apartment owners is the plaintiff, it may request
- 12 that its managing agent be appointed as receiver to collect the
- 13 rent from the tenant. The managing agent or board of directors,
- 14 acting on behalf of the association of apartment owners  $[\tau]$  and in
- 15 the name of the association of apartment owners, unless prohibited
- 16 by the declaration, may bid on the apartment at foreclosure sale,
- 17 and acquire and hold, lease, mortgage, and convey the apartment.
- 18 Action to recover a money judgment for unpaid common expenses
- 19 shall be maintainable without foreclosing or waiving the lien
- 20 securing the unpaid common expenses owed.
- 21 (b) Except as provided in subsection (g), when the mortgagee
- 22 of a mortgage of record or other purchaser of an apartment obtains



- 1 title to the apartment as a result of foreclosure of the mortgage, 2 the acquirer of title and the acquirer's successors and assigns 3 shall not be liable for the share of the common expenses or 4 assessments by the association of apartment owners chargeable to 5 the apartment [which] that became due prior to the acquisition of 6 title to the apartment by the acquirer. The unpaid share of 7 common expenses or assessments shall be deemed to be common 8 expenses collectible from all of the apartment owners, including 9 the acquirer and the acquirer's successors and assigns. 10 mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the apartment shall be 11 deemed to acquire title and shall be required to pay the 12 apartment's share of common expenses and assessments beginning: 13 (1)Thirty-six days after the order confirming the sale to 14 the purchaser has been filed with the court; 15 (2) Sixty days after the hearing at which the court grants 16 the motion to confirm the sale to the purchaser; 17 (3) Thirty days after the public sale in a nonjudicial 18 power of sale foreclosure conducted pursuant to 19 [section 667-5;] chapter 667; or
  - (4) Upon the recording of the instrument of conveyance, whichever occurs first; provided that the mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the apartment shall not be deemed to acquire



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- 1 title under paragraph (1), (2), or (3), if transfer of title is
  2 delayed past the thirty-six days specified in paragraph (1), the
  3 sixty days specified in paragraph (2), or the thirty days
- 4 specified in paragraph (3), when a person who appears at the
- 5 hearing on the motion or a party to the foreclosure action
- 6 requests reconsideration of the motion or order to confirm sale,
- 7 objects to the form of the proposed order to confirm sale,
- 8 appeals the decision of the court to grant the motion to confirm
- 9 sale, or the debtor or mortgagor declares bankruptcy or is
- 10 involuntarily placed into bankruptcy. In any such case, the
- 11 mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the apartment shall be
- 12 deemed to acquire title upon recordation of the instrument of
- 13 conveyance."
- 14 2. By amending subsections (h) and (i) to read:
- "(h) The amount of the special assessment assessed under
- 16 subsection (g) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid
- 17 regular monthly common assessments that were assessed during the
- 18 [twelve] six months immediately preceding the completion of the
- 19 judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure. [In no event
- 20 shall the amount of the special assessment exceed the sum of
- **21** \$7,200.

1	(i) For	purposes of subsections (g) and (h), the following
2	definitions sh	all apply:
3	"Completi	on" means:
4	(1)	In a nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, when
5		the affidavit [required under section 667-5 is
6		filed; after public sale is recorded pursuant to
7		section 667-33; and
8	(2)	In a judicial foreclosure, when a purchaser is
9		deemed to acquire title pursuant to subsection
10		(b).
11	"Regular	monthly common assessments" shall not include:
12	(1)	Any other special assessment, except for a
13		special assessment imposed on all apartments as
14		part of a budget adopted pursuant to section
15		514A-83.6;
16	(2)	Late charges, fines, or penalties;
17	(3)	Interest assessed by the association of apartment
18		owners;
19	(4)	Any lien arising out of the assessment; or
20	(5)	Any fees or costs related to the collection or
21		enforcement of the assessment, including
22		attorneys' fees and court costs."

1 SECTION 12. Section 514B-146, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended as follows: 3 1. By amending subsections (a) and (b) to read: 4 "(a) All sums assessed by the association but unpaid for 5 the share of the common expenses chargeable to any unit shall 6 constitute a lien on the unit with priority over all other 7 liens, except: 8 Liens for taxes and assessments lawfully imposed by (1)9 governmental authority against the unit; and 10 (2) All sums unpaid on any mortgage of record that was 11 recorded prior to the recordation of a notice of a 12 lien by the association, and costs and expenses 13 including attorneys' fees provided in such 14 mortgages[-]; 15 provided that a lien recorded by the association shall expire 16 two years from the date of recordation. **17** The lien of the association may be foreclosed by action or 18 by nonjudicial or power of sale foreclosure procedures set forth 19 in chapter 667, by the managing agent or board, acting on behalf 20 of the association[, in like manner as a mortgage of real 21 property.] and in the name of the association; provided that no 22 association may foreclose a lien against any unit that arises

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1
    solely from fines, penalties, legal fees, or late fees. In any
2
    such foreclosure, the unit owner shall be required to pay a
3
    reasonable rental for the unit, if so provided in the bylaws [\tau]
4
    or the law, and the plaintiff in the foreclosure shall be
5
    entitled to the appointment of a receiver to collect the rental
6
    owed[-] by the unit owner or any tenant of the unit. If the
7
    association is the plaintiff, it may request that its managing
8
    agent be appointed as receiver to collect the rent from the
9
    tenant. The managing agent or board, acting on behalf of the
10
    association [\tau] and in the name of the association, unless
    prohibited by the declaration, may bid on the unit at
11
12
    foreclosure sale, and acquire and hold, lease, mortgage, and
13
    convey the unit. Action to recover a money judgment for unpaid
    common expenses shall be maintainable without foreclosing or
14
15
    waiving the lien securing the unpaid common expenses owed.
         (b) Except as provided in subsection (g), when the
16
17
    mortgagee of a mortgage of record or other purchaser of a unit
    obtains title to the unit as a result of foreclosure of the
18
19
    mortgage, the acquirer of title and the acquirer's successors
20
    and assigns shall not be liable for the share of the common
21
    expenses or assessments by the association chargeable to the
22
    unit [which] that became due prior to the acquisition of title
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1 to the unit by the acquirer. The unpaid share of common 2 expenses or assessments shall be deemed to be common expenses collectible from all of the unit owners, including the acquirer 3 4 and the acquirer's successors and assigns. The mortgagee of 5 record or other purchaser of the unit shall be deemed to acquire 6 title and shall be required to pay the unit's share of common 7 expenses and assessments beginning: 8 (1)Thirty-six days after the order confirming the sale to 9 the purchaser has been filed with the court; 10 (2) Sixty days after the hearing at which the court grants 11 the motion to confirm the sale to the purchaser; 12 (3) Thirty days after the public sale in a nonjudicial 13 power of sale foreclosure conducted pursuant to 14 [section 667-5;] chapter 667; or 15 Upon the recording of the instrument of conveyance; 16 whichever occurs first; provided that the mortgagee of record or 17 other purchaser of the unit shall not be deemed to acquire title 18 under paragraph (1), (2), or (3), if transfer of title is 19 delayed past the thirty-six days specified in paragraph (1), the 20 sixty days specified in paragraph (2), or the thirty days

specified in paragraph (3), when a person who appears at the

hearing on the motion or a party to the foreclosure action

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21

- 1 requests reconsideration of the motion or order to confirm sale,
- 2 objects to the form of the proposed order to confirm sale,
- 3 appeals the decision of the court to grant the motion to confirm
- 4 sale, or the debtor or mortgagor declares bankruptcy or is
- 5 involuntarily placed into bankruptcy. In any such case, the
- 6 mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the unit shall be
- 7 deemed to acquire title upon recordation of the instrument of
- 8 conveyance."
- 9 2. By amending subsections (h) and (i) to read:
- 10 "(h) The amount of the special assessment assessed under
- 11 subsection (g) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid
- 12 regular monthly common assessments that were assessed during the
- 13 [twelve] six months immediately preceding the completion of the
- 14 judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure. [In no event
- 15 shall the amount of the special assessment exceed the sum of
- **16** \$7,200.
- 17 (i) For purposes of subsections (g) and (h), the following
- 18 definitions shall apply, unless the context requires otherwise:
- "Completion" means:
- 20 (1) In a nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, when the
- affidavit [required under section 667-5 is filed;]

1		after public sale is recorded pursuant to section 667
2		33; and
3	(2)	In a judicial foreclosure, when a purchaser is deemed
4		to acquire title pursuant to subsection (b).
5	"Reg	ular monthly common assessments" does not include:
6	(1)	Any other special assessment, except for a special
7		assessment imposed on all units as part of a budget
8		adopted pursuant to section 514B-148;
9	(2)	Late charges, fines, or penalties;
10	(3)	Interest assessed by the association;
11	(4)	Any lien arising out of the assessment; or
12	(5)	Any fees or costs related to the collection or
13		enforcement of the assessment, including attorneys'
14		fees and court costs."
15	SECT	ION 13. Section 607-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended b	y amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:
17	"(a)	The fees prescribed by the schedule in this section
18	shall be	paid to the clerk of the circuit court as costs of
19	court by	the person instituting the action or proceeding, or
20	offering	the paper for filing, or causing the document to be
21	issued or	the services to be performed in the circuit court;
22	provided	that nothing in the schedule shall apply to cases of
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- 1 adults charged with commission of a crime, or to proceedings 2 under section 571-11(1), (2), or (9), to proceedings under 3 chapter 333F or 334, to small estates including decedents' estates and protection of property of minors and persons under 4 5 disability when the amount payable is fixed by another statute[7] 6 or to nonjudicial foreclosures converted to judicial proceedings 7 pursuant to section 667-53; and]; provided further that the fees 8 prescribed by subsection (c)(32) shall be deposited by the clerk 9 of the circuit court into the judiciary computer system special 10 fund pursuant to section 601-3.7[-]; provided further that the 11 fees prescribed by subsection (b) (la) shall be deposited by the 12 clerk of the circuit court as provided in section 667-53(a)(6). 13 For the purpose of this section, "judgment" includes a
- 15 SCHEDULE

decree and any order from which an appeal lies.

- In the application of this schedule, each case assigned a

  new number or filed under the number previously assigned to a

  probate, trust, guardianship, or conservatorship, shall carry a

  fee for the institution or transfer of the action or proceeding

  as prescribed by part I, and in addition the fees prescribed by

  part II unless otherwise provided.
- 22 (b) **PART I**



## **S.B. NO.** 2429 S.D. 2

1	Action or	proceeding, general:
2	(1)	Civil action or special proceeding, unless
3		another item in part I applies\$200
4	<u>(1a)</u>	Petition for conversion of nonjudicial
5		foreclosure to judicial foreclosure \$250
6	(2)	Appeal to a circuit court\$100
7	(3)	Transfer of action to circuit court from district
8		court, in addition to district court fees \$125
9	Trusts:	
10	(4)	Proceeding for (A) appointment of trustee; (B)
11		appointment of successor; (C) resignation of
12		trustee; (D) instructions; (E) approval of
13		investment; (F) approval of sale, mortgage,
14		lease, or other disposition of property; (G)
15		approval of compromise of claim, for each such
16		matter \$100
17	(5)	Proceeding for (A) removal of trustee; (B) order
18		requiring accounting; (C) invalidation of action
19		taken by trustee; (D) termination of trust, for
20		each such matter\$100

## **S.B. NO.** \$2429 S.D. 2

1	(6)	Accounting, this fee to be paid for each account
2		filed and to include the settlement of the
3		account \$10
4	(7)	Vesting order no charge under part I
5	(8)	Allowance of fees of trustees, attorneys, or
6		other fees for services incurred in a
7		proceeding for which a fee has been paid
8		under this section no charge under part I
9	(8a)	Registration of a trust, or release of
10		registration, under chapter 560\$3
11	(9)	Any other proceeding relating to a trust\$15
12	Conservat	orship:
13	(10)	Proceeding for (A) appointment; (B) appointment
14		of successor; (C) resignation; (D) instructions,
15		unless included in one of the foregoing
16		proceedings; (E), (F), (G) approval of any matter
17		listed in $(E)$ , $(F)$ , or $(G)$ of item $(4)$ in
18		relation to a trust, for each such matter \$100
19	(11)	Proceeding of the nature listed in (A), (B), (C),
20		or (D) of item (5) in relation to a trust, for
21	•	each such matter\$15

1	(12)	Accounting, same as provided by item (6) in
2		relation to a trust\$10
3	(13)	Any other proceeding relating to a
4		conservatorship
5	Guardians	hip:
6	(13a)	Guardianship, including all matters of the nature
7		listed in items (4) to (9), whether in family or
8		circuit court\$100
9	Probate (	decedents' estates). These fees include all matters of
10	the natur	e listed in items (4) to (9), without additional
11	charge:	
12	(14)	Probate, administration, domiciliary foreign
13		personal representative, or ancillary
14		administration, this fee to be paid once only for
15		each decedent's estate\$100
16	Family co	ourt cases:
17	(15)	Matrimonial action (annulment, divorce,
18		separation, or separate maintenance)\$100
19	(16)	Adoption \$100
20	(17)	Guardianship, including all matters of the nature
21		listed in items (4) to (9) As provided in item 13(a)
22	(18)	Termination of parental rights no charge under part I
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1	(19) Any other family court proceeding, except motions or
2	other pleadings in matrimonial, adoption, and
3	guardianship actions, but including without limitation
4	custody proceedings even if in the form of an habeas
5	corpus proceeding\$15
6	SECTION 14. Section 667-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"\$667-3 Proceeds, how applied. Mortgage and other
9	creditors shall be entitled to payment according to the priority
10	of their liens, and not pro rata; and judgments of foreclosure
11	[and foreclosures by power of sale] that are conducted in
12	compliance with this part [and for which an affidavit is
13	recorded as required under section 667-5] shall operate to
14	extinguish the liens of subsequent mortgages and liens of the
15	same property, without forcing prior mortgagees or lienors to
16	their right of recovery. The surplus after payment of the
17	mortgage foreclosed, shall be applied pro tanto to the next
18	junior mortgage or lien, and so on to the payment, wholly or in
19	part, of mortgages and liens junior to the one assessed."
20	SECTION 15. Section 667-5.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21	amended to read as follows:

1	"[+]\$667-5.5[+] Foreclosure notice; planned communities;
2	condominiums; cooperative housing projects. Notwithstanding any
3	law or agreement to the contrary, any person who forecloses on a
4	property under this part within a planned community, a
5	condominium apartment or unit, or an apartment in a cooperative
6	housing project shall notify, by registered or certified mail,
7	the board of directors of the planned community association, the
8	association of owners of the condominium project, or the
9	cooperative housing project in which the property to be
10	foreclosed is located, of the following:
11	(1) The foreclosure at the time foreclosure proceedings
12	are begun[-]; and
13	(2) Any election by an owner-occupant of the property that
14	is the subject of the foreclosure to participate in
15	the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program
16	under part V.
17	The notice, at a minimum, shall identify the property,
18	condominium apartment or unit, or cooperative apartment that is
19	the subject of the foreclosure and identify the name or names of
20	the person or persons bringing foreclosure proceedings. [This
21	section] Paragraph (1) shall not apply if the planned community
22	association, condominium association of owners, or cooperative
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- 1 housing corporation is a party in a foreclosure action. This
- 2 section shall not affect civil proceedings against parties other
- 3 than the planned community association, association of owners,
- 4 or cooperative housing corporation."
- 5 SECTION 16. Section 667-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 "\$667-10 Power unaffected by transfer; surplus after sale.
- 8 No sale or transfer by the mortgagor shall impair or annul any
- 9 right or power of attorney given in the mortgage to the
- 10 mortgagee to sell or transfer the mortgaged property, as
- 11 attorney or agent of the mortgagor, except as otherwise provided
- 12 by chapters 501 and 502. When public sale is made of the
- 13 mortgaged property under this part, distribution of the proceeds
- 14 of the sale shall be as specified in section 667-3, and the
- 15 remainder of the proceeds, if any, shall be paid over to the
- 16 owner of the mortgaged property, after deducting the amount of
- 17 [claim] all claims and all expenses attending the same."
- 18 SECTION 17. Section 667-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- 20 "§667-21 [Alternate power] Power of sale process[+
- 21 definitions]. [(a)] The power of sale process in this part is

```
an alternative [power of sale process] to the foreclosure by
1
2
    action [and the foreclosure by power of sale] in part [I.] IA.
3
         (b) As used in this part:
4
         "Approved budget and credit counselor" means a budget and
5
    credit counseling agency that has received approval from a
6
    United States trustee or bankruptcy administrator to provide
7
    instructional courses concerning personal financial management
8
    pursuant to Title 11 United States Code, section 111.
9
         "Approved housing counselor" means a housing counseling
    agency that has received approval from the United States
10
    Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide housing
11
12
    counseling services pursuant to section 106(a)(2) of the Housing
13
    and Urban Development Act of 1968, Title 12 United States Code,
    section 1701x.
14
         "Association" has the same meaning as the term is defined
15
16
    in section 514B-3.
17
         "Borrower" means the borrower, maker, cosigner, or
18
    quarantor under a mortgage agreement.
19
         "Foreclosing mortgagee" means the mortgagee that intends to
20
    conduct a power of sale foreclosure; provided that the mortgagee
    is a federally insured bank, a federally insured savings and
21
22
    loan association, a federally insured savings bank, a depository
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1 financial services loan company, a nondepository financial 2 services loan company, a credit union insured by the National Credit Union Administration, a bank holding company, a foreign 3 4 lender as defined in section 207-11, or an institutional 5 investor as defined in section 454-1. 6 Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, as used in 7 this part, a "foreclosing mortgagee" shall encompass all of the 8 following entities: 9 (1) The foreclosing-mortgagee; 10 (2) Any person that has an ownership interest in the 11 promissory note on the mortgage agreement or a 12 security interest represented by the mortgage for the 13 subject property; 14 (3) Any mortgage servicer, who services the mortgage loan 15 of the mortgagor; and (4) The agents, employees, trustees, and representatives 16 **17** of a lender, the foreclosing mortgagee, a mortgagee, 18 and a mortgage servicer. 19 "Mailed" means to be sent by regular mail, postage prepaid, 20 and by certified, registered, or express mail, postage prepaid 21 and return receipt requested.

1	"Mortgage" means a mortgage, security agreement, or other
2	document under which property is mortgaged, encumbered, pledged
3	or otherwise rendered subject to a lien for the purpose of
4	securing the payment of money or the performance of an
5	obligation.
6	"Mortgage agreement" includes the mortgage, the note or
7	debt document, or any document amending any of the foregoing.
8	"Mortgaged property" means the property that is subject to
9	the lien of the mortgage.
10	"Mortgagee" means the current holder of record of the
11	mortgagee's or the lender's interest under the mortgage, or the
12	current mortgagee's or lender's duly authorized agent.
13	"Mortgagor" means the mortgagor or borrower named in the
14	mortgage and, unless the context otherwise indicates, includes
15	the current owner of record of the mortgaged property whose
16	interest is subject to the mortgage.
17	"Nonjudicial foreclosure" means foreclosure under power of
18	sale.
19	"Open house" means a public showing of the mortgaged
20	property during a scheduled time period.

1	"Owner-occupant" means a person, at the time that a notice		
2	<del>of defaul</del>	t and intention to foreclose is served on the mortgagor	
3	under the	- power of sale:	
4	<del>(1)</del>	Who owns an interest in the residential property, and	
5		the interest is encumbered by the mortgage being	
6		foreclosed; and	
7	<del>(2)</del>	For whom the residential property is and has been the	
8		person's primary residence for a continuous period of	
9		not less than two hundred days immediately preceding	
10		the date on which the notice is served.	
11	<del>"Pow</del>	er of sale" or "power of sale foreclosure" means a	
12	<del>nonjudici</del>	al foreclosure under this part when the mortgage	
13	contains,	authorizes, permits, or provides for a power of sale,	
14	a power of sale foreclosure, a power of sale remedy, or a		
15	nonjudicial foreclosure.		
16	"Property" means property (real, personal, or mixed), an		
17	interest in property (including fee simple, leasehold, life		
18	<del>estate, r</del>	eversionary interest, and any other estate under	
19	applicable law), or other interests that can be subject to the		
20	<del>lien of a</del>	mortgage.	
21	<del>"Rec</del>	eord" or "recorded" means a document is recorded or	
22	filed wit	h the office of the assistant registrar of the land	
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1
    court under chapter 501 or recorded with the registrar of
2
    conveyances under chapter 502, or both, as applicable.
3
         "Residential property" means real property that is improved
4
    and used for residential purposes.
5
         "Served" means to have service of the notice of default and
6
    intention to forcelose made in accordance with the service of
7
    process or the service of summons under the Hawaii rules of
8
    civil procedure, and under sections 634-35 and 634-36.]"
9
         SECTION 18. Section 667-21.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10
    amended to read as follows:
11
         "[{]$667-21.5[{}] Foreclosure notice; planned communities;
12
    condominiums; cooperative housing projects. Notwithstanding any
13
    law or agreement to the contrary, any person who forecloses on a
14
    property under this part within a planned community, a
15
    condominium apartment or unit, or an apartment in a cooperative
    housing project shall notify, by way of registered or certified
16
    mail, the board of directors of the planned community
17
    association, the association of owners of the condominium
18
19
    project, or the cooperative housing project in which the
20
    property to be foreclosed is located, of the following:
21
         (1) The foreclosure at the time foreclosure proceedings
22
              are begun [-]; and
```

1	(2) Any election by an owner-occupant of the property that
2	is the subject of the foreclosure to participate in
3	the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program
4	under part V.
5	The notice, at a minimum, shall identify the property,
6	condominium apartment or unit, or cooperative apartment that is
7	the subject of the foreclosure and identify the name or names of
8	the person or persons bringing foreclosure proceedings. [This
9	section] Paragraph (1) shall not apply when the planned
10	community association, condominium association of owners, or
11	cooperative housing corporation is a party in a foreclosure
12	action. This section shall not affect civil proceedings against
13	parties other than the planned community association,
14	association of owners, or cooperative housing corporation."
15	SECTION 19. Section 667-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended as follows:
17	1. By amending subsections (a) and (b) to read:
18	"(a) When the mortgagor or the borrower has breached the
19	mortgage agreement, and when the foreclosing mortgagee intends
20	to conduct a power of sale foreclosure under this part, the
21	foreclosing mortgagee shall prepare a written notice of default
22	and intention to foreclose addressed to the mortgagor, the

1	borrower,	and any guarantor. The notice of default and
2	intention	to foreclose shall state:
3	(1)	The name and address of the current mortgagee;
4	(2)	The name and last known address of [all] the
5		mortgagors, the borrowers, and any guarantors;
6	(3)	[The] With respect to the mortgaged property, the
7		address or a description of [the] its location [of the
8		mortgaged property], [the] tax map key number, and
9		[the] certificate of title or transfer certificate of
10		title number if [within the jurisdiction of]
11		registered in the land court[, of the mortgaged
12		<pre>property];</pre>
13	(4)	The description of the default or, if the default is a
14		monetary default, an itemization of the delinquent
15		amount;
16	(5)	The action required to cure the default $\underline{\prime}$ including the
17		delinquent amount and the estimated amount of the
18		foreclosing mortgagee's attorney's fees and costs, and
19		all other fees and costs related to the default
20		estimated to be incurred by the foreclosing mortgagee
21		by the deadline date;

The date by which the default must be cured, which

1		shall be at least sixty days after the date of the
2		notice of default and intention to foreclose;
3	(7)	A statement that if the default is not cured by the
4		deadline date stated in the notice of default and
5		intention to foreclose, the entire unpaid balance of
6		the moneys owed to the mortgagee under the mortgage
7		agreement will become due, that the mortgagee intends
8		to conduct a power of sale foreclosure to sell the
9		mortgaged property at a public sale without any court
10		action and without going to court, and that the
11		mortgagee or any other person may acquire the
12		mortgaged property at the public sale;
13	(8)	A statement that if the default is not cured by the
14		deadline date stated in the notice of default and
15		intention to foreclose, the mortgagee may publish the
16		public notice of the public sale on a website
17		maintained by the department, pursuant to section 667-
18		27(d)(2);
19	[ <del>(8)</del> ]	(9) The name, address, electronic address, and
20		telephone number of the attorney who is representing
21		the foreclosing mortgagee; provided that the attorney
22		shall be licensed to practice law in the State and

1		physically located in the State, and
2	[ <del>(9)</del> ]	(10) Notice of the right of the owner-occupant to
3		elect to participate in any other process as
4		established by law.
5	(b)	The notice of default and intention to foreclose shall
6	also cont	ain wording substantially similar to the following in
7	all capit	al letters and printed in not less than fourteen-point
8	font:	
9		"IF THE DEFAULT ON THE LOAN CONTINUES AFTER THE
10		DEADLINE DATE IN THIS NOTICE, THE MORTGAGED PROPERTY
11		MAY BE FORECLOSED AND SOLD WITHOUT ANY COURT ACTION
12		AND WITHOUT GOING TO COURT.
13		YOU MAY HAVE CERTAIN LEGAL RIGHTS OR DEFENSES.
14		FOR ADVICE, YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH AN ATTORNEY
15		LICENSED IN THIS STATE.
16		[AFTER THE DEADLINE DATE IN THIS NOTICE, TWO
17		PUBLIC SHOWINGS (OPEN HOUSES) OF THE PROPERTY BY THE
18		LENDER WILL BE HELD, BUT ONLY IF ALL MORTGAGORS
19		(OWNERS) OF THE PROPERTY WHO ALSO CURRENTLY RESIDE AT
20		THE PROPERTY SO AGREE. TO SHOW THAT ALL OWNERS
21		RESIDING AT THE PROPERTY AGREE TO ALLOW TWO OPEN
22		HOUSES BY THE LENDER, THEY MUST SIGN A LETTER SHOWING

1	THE ACKED. THE STONED BETTER MOST BE SENT TO THIS
2	OFFICE AT THE ADDRESS GIVEN IN THIS NOTICE.
3	THIS OFFICE MUST ACTUALLY RECEIVE THE SIGNED
4	LETTER BY THE DEADLINE DATE IN THIS NOTICE. THE
5	SIGNED LETTER MUST BE SENT TO THIS OFFICE BY CERTIFIED
6	MAIL, REGISTERED MAIL, OR EXPRESS MAIL, POSTAGE
7	PREPAID AND RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED.
8	IF THE SIGNED LETTER IS NOT RECEIVED BY THIS
9	OFFICE BY THE DEADLINE DATE, THE PROPERTY WILL THEN BE
10	SOLD WITHOUT ANY OPEN HOUSES BEING HELD.
11	EVEN IF THIS OFFICE RECEIVES THE SIGNED LETTER TO
12	ALLOW THE LENDER TO HOLD TWO OPEN HOUSES OF THE
13	PROPERTY, IF ALL OWNERS LATER DO NOT COOPERATE TO
14	ALLOW THE OPEN HOUSES, THE PROPERTY WILL BE SOLD
15	WITHOUT ANY OPEN HOUSES BEING HELD.
16	ALL FUTURE NOTICES AND CORRESPONDENCE WILL BE
17	MAILED TO YOU AT THE ADDRESS AT WHICH YOU RECEIVED
18	THIS NOTICE UNLESS YOU SEND WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS TO
19	THIS OFFICE INFORMING THIS OFFICE OF A DIFFERENT
20	ADDRESS. THE WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE SENT TO
21	THIS OFFICE BY CERTIFIED MAIL, REGISTERED MAIL, OR
22	EXPRESS MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID AND RETURN RECEIPT

1		REQUESTED."
2	2.	By amending subsections (d) and (e) to read:
3	"(d)	The notice of default and intention to foreclose
4	shall also	o include contact information for [ <del>local</del> ] approved
5	housing co	ounselors and approved budget and credit counselors.
6	(e)	The foreclosing mortgagee shall have the notice of
7	default a	nd intention to foreclose served on:
8	(1)	The mortgagor and the borrower [in the same manner as
9		service of a civil complaint under chapter 634 or the
10		Hawaii rules of civil procedure, as they may be
11		<pre>amended from time to time];</pre>
12	(2)	Any prior or junior creditors who have a recorded lien
13		on the mortgaged property before the recordation of
14		the notice of default and intention to foreclose under
15		section 667-23;
16	(3)	The state director of taxation;
17	(4)	The director of finance of the county where the
18		mortgaged property is located;
19	(5)	The department of commerce and consumer affairs, by
20		filing the notice with the department when required;
21		and
22	(6)	Any other person entitled to receive notice under this

```
1
              part."
2
         SECTION 20. Section 667-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3
    amended to read as follows:
         "§667-24 Cure of default. (a) If the default is cured as
4
5
    required by the notice of default and intention to foreclose, or
6
    if the parties have reached [a settlement document,] an
7
    agreement to resolve the nonjudicial foreclosure, the
8
    foreclosing mortgagee shall rescind the notice of default and
9
    intention to foreclose. Within fourteen days of the date of the
10
    cure or [a settlement document reached by the parties, ] an
11
    agreement to resolve the nonjudicial foreclosure, the
12
    foreclosing mortgagee shall so notify any person who was served
    with the notice of default and intention to foreclose. If the
13
14
    notice of default and intention to foreclose was recorded, a
15
    release of the notice of default and intention to foreclose
16
    shall be recorded.
17
              If the default is not cured as required by the notice
18
    of default and intention to foreclose, the parties have not
19
    reached [a settlement document pursuant to part V] an agreement
20
    to resolve the nonjudicial foreclosure and no report of
    noncompliance has been issued against the mortgagee under
21
22
    section 667-82, and the mortgagor has not elected to convert the
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1 foreclosure to a judicial action, the foreclosing mortgagee, 2 without filing a court action and without going to court, may 3 foreclose the mortgage under power of sale to sell the mortgaged property at a public sale." 4 5 SECTION 21. Section 667-25, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 6 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 7 "(b) The public sale of the mortgaged property shall be 8 held only in the county where the mortgaged property is located; 9 provided that the public sale shall be held only on grounds or 10 at facilities under the administration of the State, as follows: 11 At the state capitol, for a public sale of mortgaged (1)12 property located in the city and county of Honolulu; 13 At a state facility in Hilo, for a public sale of (2) 14 mortgaged property located in the [eastern portion of the county of Hawaii; ] districts of Hamakua, north 15 **16** Hilo, south Hilo, or Puna; **17** (3) At a state facility in Kailua-Kona, for a public sale 18 of mortgaged property located in the [western portion 19 of the county of Hawaii; ] districts of north Kohala, 20 south Kohala, north Kona, south Kona, or Kau; 21 (4)At a state facility in the county seat of Maui, for a

public sale of mortgaged property located in the

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1
              county of Maui; and
2
         (5)
              At a state facility in the county seat of Kauai, for a
3
              public sale of mortgaged property located in the
4
              county of Kauai;
5
    as designated by the department of accounting and general
6
    services; provided further that no public sale shall be held on
7
    grounds or at facilities under the administration of the
8
    judiciary. The public sale shall be held during business hours
9
    on a business day."
10
         SECTION 22. Section 667-27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
    amended as follows:
11
         1. By amending subsections (a) to read:
12
13
         "(a) The foreclosing mortgagee shall prepare the public
14
    notice of the public sale. The public notice shall state:
              The date, time, and place of the public sale;
15
         (1)
16
        [(2) The dates and times of the two open houses of the
17
              mortgaged property, or if there will not be any open
              houses, the public notice shall so state;
18
19
         (3)] (2) The unpaid balance of the moneys owed to the
20
              mortgagee under the mortgage agreement;
21
        [(4)] (3) A description of the mortgaged property,
22
              including the address and the tax map key number of
```

1		the mortgaged property;
2	[ <del>(5)</del> ]	(4) The name of the mortgagor and the borrower;
3	[ <del>(6)</del> ]	(5) The name of the foreclosing mortgagee;
4	[ <del>-(7)-</del> ]	(6) The name of any prior or junior creditors having
5		a recorded lien on the mortgaged property before the
6		recordation of the notice of default and intention to
7		foreclose under section 667-23;
8	[ <del>(8)</del> ]	(7) The name, the address in the State, and the
9		telephone number in the State of the person in the
10		State conducting the public sale; and
11	[ <del>(9)</del> ]	(8) The terms and conditions of the public sale[; and
12	<del>(10)</del>	An estimate of the opening bid]."
13	2. I	By amending subsection (d) to read:
14	"(d)	The foreclosing mortgagee shall have the public
15	notice of	the public sale [printed]:
16	(1)	Printed in not less than seven-point font and
17		published in the classified section of a [daily]
18		newspaper [having the largest] of general circulation
19		[specifically] in the [county where the mortgaged
20		property is located; provided that for property
21		located in a county with a population of more than one
22		hundred thousand but less than three hundred thousand,

1	the public notice shall be published in the newspaper
2	having the largest general circulation specifically in
3	the western or eastern half of the county, as the case
4	may be, in which the property is located.] real
5	property tax zone in which the mortgaged property is
6	located, as shown on the applicable county real
7	property tax maps kept by each respective county's
8	real property tax assessment division, except for the
9	county of Kalawao which shall be considered its own
10	geographic area for the purposes of this paragraph.
11	For the purposes of this paragraph, a newspaper is of
12	general circulation if the newspaper:
13	(A) Contains news of a general nature; and
14	(B) Is distributed within the county where the
15	mortgaged property is located:
16	(i) At least weekly;
17	(ii) For a minimum of six months unless
18	interrupted by strike, natural disaster, or
19	act of war or terror; and
20	(iii) To a minimum of one per cent of the
21	residents of the county, as determined by

1		the last decennial United States census and
2		as verified by an independent audit.
3		A person may apply to the circuit court for an order
4		confirming a newspaper to be of general circulation
5		for purposes of this paragraph, which the court shall
6		grant upon proof of compliance with this paragraph.
7		The public notice shall be published once each week
8		for three consecutive weeks, constituting three
9		publications. The public sale shall take place no
10		sooner than fourteen days after the date of the
11		<pre>publication of the third public notice advertisement;</pre>
12		<u>or</u>
13	(2)	Not less than twenty-eight days before the date of the
14		public sale, published on a website maintained by the
15		department; provided that the mortgaged property is
16		owned by an owner-occupant."
17	SECT	ION 23. Section 667-28, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended by	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
19	"(a)	The public sale may be either postponed or canceled
20	by the fo	reclosing mortgagee. Notice of the postponement or the
21	cancellat	ion of the public sale shall be [announced]:

1	(1)	Announced by the foreclosing mortgagee at the date,
2		time, and place of the last scheduled public sale $[-]$ :
3		<u>and</u>
4	(2)	Provided to any other person who is entitled to
5		receive the notice of default under section 667-22."
6	SECT	ION 24. Section 667-32, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
8	"(b)	The recitals in the affidavit required under
9	subsection	n (a) may, but need not, be substantially in the
10	following	form:
11	"(1)	I am duly authorized to represent or act on behalf of
12		(name of mortgagee) ("foreclosing
13		mortgagee") regarding the following power of sale
14		foreclosure. I am signing this affidavit in
15		accordance with the [alternate] power of sale
16		foreclosure law (Chapter 667, Part II, Hawaii Revised
17		Statutes);
18	(2)	The foreclosing mortgagee is a ["foreclosing
19		mortgagee"] mortgagee as defined in [the power of sale
20		foreclosure law; section 667-1, Hawaii Revised
21		Statutes, conducting a power of sale foreclosure;
22	(3)	The power of sale foreclosure is of a mortgage made by

1		(name of mortgagor)
2		("mortgagor"), dated, and
3		recorded in the (bureau of
4		conveyances or office of the assistant registrar of
5		the land court) as (recordation
6		information). The mortgaged property is located at:
7		(address or description of
8		location) and is identified by tax map key number:
9		The legal description of the
10		mortgaged property, including the certificate of title
11		or transfer certificate of title number if registered
12		in the land court, is attached as Exhibit "A". The
13		name of the borrower, if different from the mortgagor,
14		is ("borrower");
15	(4)	Pursuant to the power of sale provision of the
16		mortgage, the power of sale foreclosure was conducted
17		as required by the power of sale foreclosure law. The
18		following is a summary of what was done:
19		(A) A notice of default and intention to foreclose
20		was served on the mortgagor, the borrower, and
21		the following person: The
22		notice of default and intention to foreclose was

1		served on the following date and in the following
2		manner: ;
3	(B)	The date of the notice of default and intention
4		to foreclose was (date).
5		The deadline in the notice for curing the default
6		was (date), which deadline
7		date was at least sixty days after the date of
8		the notice;
9	(C)	The notice of default and intention to foreclose
10		was recorded before the deadline date in the
11		(bureau of conveyances or
12		office of the assistant registrar of the land
13		court). The notice was recorded on
14		(date) as document no.
15		A copy of the recorded
16		notice is attached as Exhibit "1";
17	(D)	The default was not cured by the deadline date in
18		the notice of default and intention to foreclose;
19	(E)	A public notice of the public sale was initially
20		published in the classified section of the
21		, [ <del>a daily newspaper of</del>
22		general circulation in the county where the

1		mortgaged property is located, in accordance
2		with section 667-27(d), Hawaii Revised Statutes,
3		once each week for three consecutive weeks on the
4		following dates: A copy
5		of the affidavit of publication for the last
6		public notice of the public sale is attached as
7		Exhibit "2". The date of the public sale was
8		(date). The last
9		publication was not less than fourteen days
10		before the date of the public sale;
11	(F)	The public notice of the public sale was sent to
12		the mortgagor, to the borrower, to the state
13		director of taxation, to the director of finance
14		of the county where the mortgaged property is
15		located, and to the following:
16		The public notice was sent
17		on the following dates and in the following
18		manner: Those dates were
19		after the deadline date in the notice of default
20		and intention to foreclose, and those dates were
21		at least sixty days before the date of the public
22		sale;

1	(G)	The public notice of the public sale was posted
2		on the mortgaged property or on such other real
3		property of which the mortgaged property is a
4		part on (date). That date
5		was at least sixty days before the date of the
6		public sale;
7	[ <del>-(H)-</del>	Two public showings (open houses) of the
8		mortgaged property were held (or were not held
9		because the mortgagor did not cooperate);
10	<del>(I)</del> ]	(H) A public sale of the mortgaged property was
11		held on a business day during business hours on:
12		(date), at
13		(time), at the following
14		location: The highest
14 15		location: The highest successful bidder was (name)
15		successful bidder was (name)
15 16	[ <del>(J)</del> ]	successful bidder was (name) with the highest successful bid price of
15 16 17	[ <del>(J)</del> ]	<pre>successful bidder was (name) with the highest successful bid price of \$; and</pre>
15 16 17 18	[ <del>-(J)-</del> ]	<pre>successful bidder was (name) with the highest successful bid price of \$; and; and; At the time the public sale was held, the</pre>
15 16 17 18 19	[ <del>-(J)</del> -]	successful bidder was (name) with the highest successful bid price of \$; and  (I) At the time the public sale was held, the default was not cured and there was no circuit

```
1
         SECTION 25. Section 667-33, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2
    amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
3
               The affidavit required under section 667-32 and the
4
    conveyance document shall be recorded [at any time] no earlier
5
    than ten days after the public sale is held but not later than
6
    forty-five days after the public sale is held. The affidavit
7
    and the conveyance document may be recorded separately and on
8
    different days. After the recordation, the foreclosing
9
    mortgagee shall mail or deliver a recorded copy to those persons
10
    entitled to receive the public notice of the public sale under
    section 667-27(c)."
11
12
         SECTION 26. Section 667-37, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13
    amended to read as follows:
         "§667-37 Judicial action of foreclosure before public
14
15
    sale. This part shall not prohibit [the borrower,] the
16
    foreclosing mortgagee, or any other creditor having a recorded
17
    lien on the mortgaged property before the recordation of the
18
    notice of default under section 667-23, from filing an action
19
    for the judicial foreclosure of the mortgaged property in the
20
    circuit court of the circuit where the mortgaged property is
    located [-]; provided that the action is filed before the public
21
22
    sale is held. The power of sale foreclosure process shall be
```

```
1
    stayed during the pendency of the circuit court foreclosure
2
    action."
         SECTION 27. Section 667-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3
4
    amended to read as follows:
5
         "§667-41 Public information notice requirement.
6
    [Beginning on September 1, 2011, all] (a) All financial
7
    institutions, mortgagees, lenders, business entities and
8
    organizations without limitation, and persons, who intend to use
9
    the power of sale foreclosure under this part, under the
10
    conditions required by this part, shall [also develop
11
    informational materials to educate and inform borrowers and
12
    mortgagors. These materials shall be made available to the
13
    public and provided to the mortgagors of all mortgage agreements
14
    entered into, including the borrowers at the time of application
15
    for a mortgage or loan, or other contract containing a power of
16
    sale foreclosure provision. These materials, among other
17
    things, shall inform the borrower that the financial institution
18
    and other business entities and persons who are authorized under
19
    this part to exercise the power of sale foreclosure, in the
20
    event of the borrower's default, have the option of pursuing
21
    either a judicial or nonjudicial foreclosure as provided by law.
22
    These informational materials shall fully and completely explain
```

1 these remedies in simple and understandable terms. ] provide the 2 public information notice described in subsection (b) to the 3 public, upon request, and to any applicant submitting a loan 4 application where residential property is required to be used to secure the loan. The notice shall be provided to all applicants 5 6 and all owners of the residential property (if different from 7 the applicants) within three business days after the submission 8 of a written loan application, or within three business days 9 after the time residential property is required to be used to 10 secure a loan, whether or not there is a written loan 11 application. The purpose of the public information notice is to **12** inform the public, applicants, and others that the financial 13 institutions, mortgagees, lenders, organizations, and other 14 business entities and persons who are authorized under this part 15 to enforce the foreclosure rights in a mortgage, in the event of the borrower's default, have the option of pursuing either a 16 17 judicial or nonjudicial foreclosure in the manner provided by 18 law. 19 (b) The public information notice requirement shall be 20 satisfied by the delivery of a separate notice that contains the

following wording and is printed in not less than fourteen-point

21

22

font:

1	PUBLIC INFORMATION NOTICE PURSUANT TO
2	HAWAII REVISED STATUTES SECTION 667-41
3	WHAT IS FORECLOSURE?
4	This notice informs you regarding a lender's
5	right to foreclose in the event of a default on the
6	loan you have applied for or are considering if your
7	home is used to secure its repayment.
8	The mortgage agreement or contract that you may
9	enter into states that in the event the amounts due
10	under the loan are not paid when they are due, or for
11	other reasons you do not perform your promises in the
12	note and mortgage, all of which are known as defaults,
13	the lender shall have the option to foreclose the
14	mortgage, which will result in a sale of your home.
15	The entity or person who holds your mortgage
16	("Mortgagee") may send you a notice informing you that
17	the Mortgagee is starting foreclosure proceedings.
18	You should not wait for that to happen; take steps to
19	prevent a foreclosure as soon as you are having
20	trouble paying your mortgage. You should contact your
21	lender or your lender's loan servicer, or you may

1	contact a budget and credit counselor or housing
2	counselor, to discuss your situation.
3	STEP ONE: NOTICE OF DEFAULT. The first step in
4	the foreclosure process is the Mortgagee usually sends
5	you a written notice of default, which occurs after
6	you are past due on your mortgage payment. The
7	Mortgagee will tell you in the notice how much time
8	you have to pay the required amount that is past due
9	and, by paying, will return your loan to good
10	standing.
11	STEP TWO: PROCEEDING TO FORECLOSURE. If you do
12	not pay the required amount past due by the deadline
13	in the notice of default, the Mortgagee may elect to
14	proceed to collect the balance due on your loan
15	through foreclosure. In Hawaii, there are two types
16	of foreclosures: judicial and nonjudicial.
17	In a JUDICIAL FORECLOSURE, the Mortgagee files a
18	lawsuit against you in order to obtain a court
19	judgment that you owe the balance due under your loan
20	and to obtain an order to sell the property. The
21	initial legal document you will receive in the lawsuit
22	is called the complaint. You should consult an

1	attorney of your choice who can advise you as to the
2	steps needed to protect your rights. Judicial
3	foreclosure involves the sale of the mortgaged
4	property under the supervision of the court. You will
5	receive notice of the foreclosure case hearings and
6	the sale date and the judicial decision is announced
7	after a hearing in court. The sale of the property
8	must be approved by the court before it can be
9	completed.
10	In a NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE, the process follows
11	the procedures spelled out in Chapter 667 of the
12	Hawaii Revised Statutes and in your mortgage. The
13	nonjudicial procedures allow a Mortgagee to foreclose
14	on and sell the property identified in the mortgage
15	without filing a lawsuit or court supervision. This
16	nonjudicial foreclosure is also called a power of sale
17	foreclosure. The Mortgagee starts the process by
18	giving you a written notice of default and of the
19	Mortgagee's intent to sell the property.
20	After the required time has elapsed, you will be
21	sent a notice of nonjudicial foreclosure sale, which
22	will tell you the date and location of the sale.

1

2	interest in the property you may have the right to
3	participate in the Mortgage Foreclosure Dispute
4	Resolution Program or to convert the nonjudicial
5	foreclosure into a judicial foreclosure. The
6	nonjudicial foreclosure may not proceed during the
7	dispute resolution process or after it has been
8	converted to a judicial foreclosure.
9	PLEASE NOTE: Even if a judicial or nonjudicial
10	foreclosure has commenced, you may be able to
11	reinstate the loan and keep your home if you pay the
12	delinquent amount then due and the foreclosure
13	expenses that your Mortgagee has incurred. You must
14	contact the Mortgagee as soon as possible to determine
15	whether reinstatement is possible.
16	STEP THREE: PUBLIC SALE. The sale of a
17	foreclosed home is usually made through a public
18	auction, where the highest bidder who can make a cash
19	deposit of up to 10% of the bid can buy the property.
20	In a judicial foreclosure, the court appoints a third
21	party commissioner to advertise and conduct the sale.
22	In a nonjudicial foreclosure, the Mortgagee advertises

In a NONJUDICIAL foreclosure, if you own an

1	and conducts the sale. In both types of sales, the
2	Mortgagee has the right to buy the property by
3	submitting a credit bid based upon the balance owed on
4	the mortgage, so long as its bid is higher than any
5	other bids. If the Mortgagee buys the property, the
6	Mortgagee has the right to re-sell it in a private
7	sale at a later date.
8	STEP FOUR: DISBURSEMENT OF PROCEEDS; POTENTIAL
9	DEFICIENCY JUDGMENT. After the foreclosure sale is
10	completed, the proceeds are paid out to lien holders,
11	including the Mortgagee, in the order set by law and
12	lastly to you if there are any proceeds left.
13	In a JUDICIAL FORECLOSURE, the court tells the
14	commissioner whom to pay and how much. If the
15	property did not sell for enough to pay off the
16	balance due under your loan, the Mortgagee has the
17	right to ask the court for a deficiency judgment
18	against you for the difference.
19	In a NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE, the Mortgagee
20	distributes the proceeds from the sale. If the
21	mortgaged property does not sell for enough to pay off
22	the balance due under your loan, the Mortgagee may

1	have the right to file a lawsuit against you to
2	collect the deficiency. In many cases, after a
3	nonjudicial foreclosure, a Mortgagee cannot or will
4	not choose to file a lawsuit for a deficiency.
5	READ THE NOTE AND MORTGAGE CAREFULLY TO
6	UNDERSTAND WHAT IS REQUIRED AND HOW TO AVOID
7	FORECLOSURE, AND CONSULT WITH AN ATTORNEY REGARDING
8	YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS.
9	(c) The requirements of this section shall apply only to
10	written loan applications submitted, or to loans where
11	residential property is required to be used as security, after
12	August 31, 2012."
13	SECTION 28. Section 667-53, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended to read as follows:
15	"[+]\$667-53[+] Conversion to judicial foreclosure;
16	residential property; conditions. (a) An owner-occupant of a
17	residential property that is subject to nonjudicial foreclosure
18	under part $[rac{1}{2} rac{1}{2}]$ II may convert the action to a judicial
19	foreclosure provided that:
20	(1) A petition conforming to section 667-54 shall be filed
21	with the circuit court in the circuit where the
22	residential property is located, stating that the

1		owner-occupant of the property elects to convert the
2	,	nonjudicial foreclosure to a judicial foreclosure
3	•	proceeding, no later than thirty days after [the]:
4		(A) The foreclosure notice is served on the owner-
5		occupant, as required by section [ <del>667-5 or</del> ] 667-
6		22; <u>or</u>
7		(B) The conclusion of a mortgage foreclosure dispute
8		resolution process conducted under part V,
9		pursuant to section 667-80(f), if applicable;
10	(2)	Within forty-five days of the filing of the petition,
11		all owner-occupants and mortgagors of an interest in
12		the residential property whose interests are pledged
13		or otherwise encumbered by the mortgage that is being
14		foreclosed and all persons who have signed the
15		promissory note or other instrument evidencing the
16		debt secured by the mortgage that is being foreclosed,
17		including without limitation co-obligors and
18		guarantors, shall file a statement in the circuit
19		court action that they agree to submit themselves to
20		the judicial process and the jurisdiction of the
21		circuit court; provided further that if this condition
22		is not satisfied, the circuit court action may be

1		dismissed with prejudice as to the right of any owner-
2		occupant to convert the action to a judicial
3		proceeding, and the mortgagee may proceed
4		nonjudicially;
5	(3)	Filing a petition pursuant to paragraph (1) shall
6		automatically stay the nonjudicial foreclosure action
7		unless and until the judicial proceeding has been
8		dismissed;
9	(4)	The person filing the petition pursuant to paragraph
10		(1) shall have an affirmative duty to promptly notify
11		the Hawaii attorney who is handling the nonjudicial
12		foreclosure about the filing of the complaint for '
13		conversion;
14	(5)	All parties joined in the converted judicial
15		proceeding may assert therein any claims and defenses
16		that they could have asserted had the action
17		originally been commenced as a judicial foreclosure
18		action; and
19	(6)	[Notwithstanding chapter 607, the] The fee for filing
20		the petition shall be [not more than \$525, of which]
21		\$250, which shall be deposited into the mortgage
22		foreclosure dispute resolution special fund

1	established under section 667-86[ <del>; provided that if</del>
2	the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program
3	under part V has not yet been implemented, the filing
4	fee shall be not more than \$300].
5	(b) This section shall not apply to foreclosures of
6	association liens that arise under a declaration filed pursuant
7	to chapter <u>421J</u> , 514A, or 514B.
8	[(c) This section shall not apply to a foreclosure for
9	which the mortgagor has elected to participate in the mortgage
10	foreclosure dispute resolution program pursuant to part V.
11	(d) (c) The judiciary may create and adopt a form for a
12	conversion petition."
13	SECTION 29. Section 667-54, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
15	"[+](a)[+] A petition filed pursuant to section 667-53
16	shall contain at a minimum:
17	(1) A caption setting forth the name of the court, the
18	title of the action, and the file number; provided
19	that the title of the action shall include the names
20	of the filing party as petitioner and the foreclosing
21	party as the respondent;
22	(2) The name, mailing address, and telephone number of the

1.		filing party;
2	(3)	The address or tax map key number, and the certificate
3		of title or transfer certificate of title number if
4		[within the land court's jurisdiction, registered in
5		the land court, of the property subject to the
6		foreclosure action;
7	(4)	A statement identifying all other owner-occupants and
8		mortgagors of the property whose interests are pledged
9		or otherwise encumbered by the mortgage that is being
10		foreclosed and all persons who have signed the
11		promissory note or other instrument evidencing the
12		debt secured by the mortgage that is being foreclosed,
13		including without limitation co-obligors and
14		guarantors;
15	(5)	A certification under penalty of perjury that the
16		filing party is an owner-occupant of the subject
17		property and seeks to convert the nonjudicial
18		foreclosure to a judicial proceeding;
19	(6)	A statement certifying that the filing party served a
20		copy of the petition on the attorney identified in the
21		foreclosure notice under section [ <del>667-5 or</del> ] 667-22

either by personal delivery at, or by postage prepaid

1	United States mail to, the address of the attorney as
2	set forth in the foreclosure notice under section
3	[ <del>667-5 or</del> ] 667-22; and
4	(7) A copy of the foreclosure notice that was served on
5	the filing party pursuant to section [ <del>667-5 or</del> ] 667-22
6	and for which the filing party is seeking to convert
7	to a judicial proceeding."
8	SECTION 30. Section 667-55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended to read as follows:
10	"[ $\{$ ] $\S$ 667-55[ $\}$ ] Notice of default and intention to
11	foreclose; residential property; required statement on
12	conversion. (a) The foreclosure notice that is served as
13	required under section $[667-5 \text{ or}]$ 667-22 shall include, in
14	addition to the contents required under section $[667-5 \text{ or}]$ 667-
15	22, a statement printed in not less than fourteen-point font as
16	follows:
17	"IF THE PROPERTY BEING FORECLOSED IS
18	IMPROVED AND USED FOR RESIDENTIAL PURPOSES, AN
19	OWNER-OCCUPANT OF THE PROPERTY (DEFINED IN
20	CHAPTER 667 OF THE HAWAII REVISED STATUTES AS A
21	PERSON WHO, AT THE TIME THIS NOTICE IS SERVED,
22	OWNS AN INTEREST IN THE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT

1	IS SUBJECT TO THE MORTGAGE BEING FORECLOSED AND
2	THE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY HAS BEEN THE PRIMARY
3	RESIDENCE CONTINUOUSLY FOR NOT LESS THAN TWO
4	HUNDRED DAYS) HAS THE RIGHT TO CONVERT A
5	NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE PROCEEDING TO A JUDICIAL
6	FORECLOSURE WHERE CLAIMS AND DEFENSES MAY BE
7	CONSIDERED BY A COURT OF LAW. TO EXERCISE THIS
8	RIGHT, THE OWNER-OCCUPANT SHALL COMPLETE AND FILE
9	THE ATTACHED FORM WITH THE CIRCUIT COURT IN THE
10	CIRCUIT WHERE THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED, WITHIN
11	THIRTY DAYS AFTER SERVICE OF THIS NOTICE[-] OR
12	WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE COMPLETION OF
13	MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE DISPUTE RESOLUTION CONDUCTED
14	UNDER PART V OF CHAPTER 667 OF THE HAWAII REVISED
15	STATUTES.
16	IN ADDITION, ALL OWNER-OCCUPANTS AND
17	MORTGAGORS OF THE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY WHOSE
18	INTERESTS HAVE BEEN PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE
19	ENCUMBERED BY THE MORTGAGE THAT IS BEING
20	FORECLOSED AND ALL PERSONS WHO HAVE SIGNED THE
21	PROMISSORY NOTE OR OTHER INSTRUMENT EVIDENCING
22	THE DEBT SECURED BY THE MORTGAGE THAT IS BEING

1	FORECLOSED, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, CO-
2	OBLIGORS AND GUARANTORS, SHALL FILE A STATEMENT
3	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT ACTION THAT THEY AGREE TO
4	SUBMIT TO THE JUDICIAL PROCESS AND THE
5	JURISDICTION OF THE CIRCUIT COURT WITHIN FORTY-
6	FIVE DAYS OF THE FILING OF THE ATTACHED FORM.
7	FAILURE TO SATISFY THIS CONDITION MAY RESULT IN
8	DISMISSAL OF THE CIRCUIT COURT ACTION WITH
9	PREJUDICE.
10	AN OWNER-OCCUPANT SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE
11	HAWAII ATTORNEY LISTED IN THIS NOTICE ABOUT THE
12	FILING OF THE CONVERSION FORM.
13	MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE DISPUTE RESOLUTION MAY BE
14	AVAILABLE IN NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE ACTIONS AS AN
15	ALTERNATIVE FOR OWNER-OCCUPANTS ATTEMPTING TO AVOID
16	FORECLOSURE OR TO MITIGATE THE EFFECTS OF
17	FORECLOSURE ON AN OWNER-OCCUPANT. HOWEVER, IF [AN
18	OWNER-OCCUPANT FILES FOR CONVERSION, THE
19	NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE IS CONVERTED TO A JUDICIAL
20	FORECLOSURE ACTION, DISPUTE RESOLUTION MAY NOT
21	THEREAFTER BE AVAILABLE UNLESS ORDERED BY A JUDGE.
22	A FORECLOSING LENDER WHO COMPLETES A

1	NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY
2	[SHALL] COULD BE PROHIBITED UNDER HAWAII LAW FROM
3	PURSUING A DEFICIENCY JUDGMENT AGAINST A
4	MORTGAGOR [UNLESS THE DEBT IS SECURED BY OTHER
5	COLLATERAL, OR AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW]. IF
6	THIS ACTION IS CONVERTED TO A JUDICIAL
7	PROCEEDING, HOWEVER, THEN ALL REMEDIES AVAILABLE
8	TO A LENDER MAY BE ASSERTED, INCLUDING THE RIGHT
9	TO SEEK A DEFICIENCY JUDGMENT.
10	(b) The statement required by this section shall not be
11	required to be included in [the notice of sale published
12	pursuant to $667-5(a)(1)$ or] the public notice of public sale
13	published pursuant to section 667-27."
14	SECTION 31. Section 667-56, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	"[+]§667-56[+] Prohibited conduct. It shall be a
17	prohibited practice for any foreclosing mortgagee to engage in
18	any of the following practices:
19	(1) Holding a public sale on a date, at a time, or at a
20	place other than that described in the public notice
21	of the public sale or a properly noticed postponement
22	(2) Specifying a fictitious place in the public notice of

1		the public sale;
2	(3)	Conducting a postponed public sale on a date other
3		than the date described in the new public notice of
4		the public sale;
5	(4)	Delaying the delivery of the recorded, conformed copy
6		of the conveyance document to a bona fide purchaser
7		who purchases in good faith for more than [forty-five]
8		sixty days after the completion of the public sale;
9	(5)	Completing nonjudicial foreclosure proceedings during
10		short sale escrows with a bona fide purchaser if the
11		short sale offer is at least [five] ten per cent
12		greater than the public sale price; provided that
13		escrow is opened within ten days and closed within
14		forty-five days of the public sale; and provided
15		further that a bona fide short sale purchaser shall
16		have priority over any other purchaser;
17	(6)	Completing nonjudicial foreclosure proceedings during
18		bona fide loan modification negotiations with the
19		mortgagor; or
20	(7)	Completing nonjudicial foreclosure proceedings against
21		a mortgagor who has been accepted or is being
22		evaluated for consideration for entry into a federal

1	loan modification program before obtaining a
2	certificate or other documentation confirming that the
3	mortgagor is no longer eligible for, or an active
4	participant of, that federal program."
5	SECTION 32. Section 667-57, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"[ $+$ ] $$667-57[+] Suspension of foreclosure actions by junior$
8	lienholders. (a) Upon initiation of a foreclosure action
9	pursuant to part $[+]$ $\underline{IA}$ or part $II$ by a foreclosing mortgagee
10	[as defined in section 667-21(b)], no junior lienholder shall be
11	permitted to initiate or continue a nonjudicial foreclosure
12	pursuant to part $[rac{1}{2}]$ $\overline{11}$ until the foreclosure initiated by the
13	foreclosing mortgagee has been concluded by a judgment issued by
14	a court pursuant to section $[667-1,]$ $667-1.5,$ the recording of
15	an affidavit after public sale pursuant to section [667-5 or]
16	667-33, or the filing of [a settlement document] an agreement
17	under the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution provisions of
18	section 667-81.
19	(b) Upon initiation of a foreclosure action pursuant to
20	part $[\pm]$ <u>IA</u> or part II by a foreclosing mortgagee [as defined in
21	$\frac{\text{section } 667-21(b)}{\text{log}}$ , no junior lienholder shall be permitted to
22	initiate a nonjudicial foreclosure pursuant to part II during
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1	the pendency of a stay pursuant to section 667-83; provided that
2	a junior lienholder may initiate or continue with a nonjudicial
3	foreclosure pursuant to part II if [the]:
4	(1) The junior lien foreclosure was initiated before the
5	foreclosure action by the foreclosing mortgagee[ $\div$ ]; or
6	(2) The junior lienholder is an association and has not
7	been provided notice of the foreclosure action,
8	pursuant to section 667-21.5, or has not received
9	written notification of a case opening pursuant to
10	section 667-79."
11	SECTION 33. Section 667-58, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended to read as follows:
13	"[+]\$667-58[+] Valid notice[-]; affiliate statement. (a)
14	Any notices made pursuant to this chapter may be issued only by
15	persons authorized by a foreclosing mortgagee or lender pursuant
16	to an affiliate statement signed by that foreclosing mortgagee
17	or lender and recorded at the bureau of conveyances identifying
18	the agency or affiliate relationship and the authority granted
19	or conferred to that agent or representative.
20	(b) The bureau of conveyances document number for the

affiliate statement required under subsection (a) shall be

included in any notice required to be personally served upon the

21

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1
    mortgagor or borrower under this chapter.
2
         (c) Any notice provided by a mortgage servicer, including
3
    an agent, employee, or representative of that mortgage servicer,
    shall be issued only by a mortgage servicer that has been listed
4
5
    in the affiliate statement filed by the foreclosing mortgagee or
6
    lender under subsection (a); provided further that the mortgage
    servicer shall be licensed under or otherwise exempt from
7
8
    chapter 454M. The agency relationship or affiliation of the
9
    mortgage servicer and the foreclosing mortgagee or lender and
10
    any authority granted or conferred to that mortgage servicer
11
    shall be described in the affiliate statement filed under both
12
    subsection (a) and section 454M-5(a)(4)(F).
13
         (d) No attorney of a mortgage servicer, foreclosing
14
    mortgagee, or lender shall be required to be included in any
15
    affiliate statement of a foreclosing mortgagee or lender. No
16
    notice or other correspondence made by any attorney for the
17
    foreclosing mortgagee or lender shall be required to reference
18
    any affiliate statement made by the foreclosing mortgagee or
19
    lender. Any notice or other correspondence made by any attorney
20
    for a mortgage servicer shall reference, in accordance with
    subsection (b), the appropriate affiliate statement of the
21
22
    foreclosing mortgagee or lender authorizing the mortgage
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1
    servicer to act."
2
         SECTION 34. Section 667-59, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3
    amended to read as follows:
4
         "[+]$667-59[+] Actions and communications with the
5
    mortgagor in connection with a foreclosure. A foreclosing
6
    mortgagee shall be bound by all agreements, obligations,
7
    representations, or inducements made on its behalf by its
8
    agents, including but not limited to its employees,
9
    representatives, mortgage servicers, or persons authorized by a
10
    foreclosing mortgagee or lender pursuant to an affiliate
11
    statement recorded in the bureau of conveyances pursuant to
    section 667-58.
12
13
         [For purposes of this section, "foreclosing mortgagee" has
14
    the same meaning as in section 667-21.]"
         SECTION 35. Section 667-60, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15
    amended to read as follows:
16
17
         "[+]$667-60[+] Unfair or deceptive act or practice[-];
18
    transfer of title. (a) Any foreclosing mortgagee who
    [violates] engages in any of the following violations of this
19
20
    chapter shall have committed an unfair or deceptive act or
    practice under section 480-2[-]:
21
```

1	(1)	Failing to provide a borrower or mortgagor with, or
2		failing to serve as required, the information required
3		by section 667-22 or 667-55;
4	(2)	Failing to publish, or to post, information on the
5		mortgaged property, as required by section 667-27 or
6		<u>667-28;</u>
7	<u>(3)</u>	Failing to take any action required by section 667-24
8		if the default is cured or an agreement is reached;
9	(4)	Engaging in conduct prohibited under section 667-56;
10	(5)	Holding a public sale in violation of section 667-25;
11	<u>(6)</u>	Failing to include in a public notice of public sale
12		the information required by section 667-27 or section
13		667-28;
14	<u>(7)</u>	Failing to provide the information required by section
15		667-41;
16	(8)	With regard to mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution
17		under part V:
18		(A) Failing to provide notice of the availability of
19		dispute resolution as required by section 667-75;
20		(B) Participating in dispute resolution without
21		authorization to negotiate a loan modification,

1			or without access to a person so authorized, as
2			required by section 667-80(a)(1);
3		<u>(C)</u>	Failing to provide required information or
4			documents as required by section 667-80(c); or
5		<u>(D)</u>	Completing a nonjudicial foreclosure if a
6			neutral's closing report under section 667-82
7			indicates that the foreclosing mortgagee failed
8			to comply with requirements of the mortgage
9			foreclosure dispute resolution program;
10	(9)	Comp	leting a nonjudicial foreclosure while a stay is
11		<u>in e</u>	ffect under section 667-83;
12	(10)	<u>Fail</u>	ing to distribute sale proceeds as required by
13		sect	ion 667-31;
14	(11)	Maki	ng any false statement in the affidavit of public
15		sale	required by section 667-32;
16	(12)	<u>Atte</u>	mpting to collect a deficiency in violation of
17		sect	ion 667-38; and
18	(13)	<u>Fail</u>	ing to file a foreclosure notice with the
19		depa	rtment as required by section 667-76(a).
20	(b)	Notw	ithstanding subsection (a), the transfer of title
21	to the pu	rchas	er of the property as a result of a foreclosure
22	under thi	s cha	pter shall only be subject to avoidance under
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- 1 section 480-12 for violations described in subsection (a)(1) to 2 (9) if such violations are shown to be substantial and material; 3 provided that a foreclosure sale shall not be subject to 4 avoidance under section 480-12 for violation of section 667-5 56(5). 6 (c) Any action to void the transfer of title to the purchaser of property under this chapter shall be filed in the 7 8 circuit court of the circuit within which the foreclosed 9 property is situated no later than one hundred eighty days 10 following the recording of the affidavit required by section 11 667-32. If no such action is filed within the one hundred 12 eighty-day period, then title to the property shall be deemed 13 conclusively vested in the purchaser free and clear of any claim 14 by the mortgagor or anyone claiming by, through, or under the 15 mortgagor." 16 SECTION 36. Section 667-63, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is **17** amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 18 "(a) A mortgage creditor having a mortgage lien on a time 19 share interest who desires notice that another mortgage creditor
- having a mortgage lien on the time share interest intends to
  foreclose and sell the mortgaged time share interest, pursuant
  to the power of sale under section 667-62, may submit a written

1	request t	o the mortgagee who is foreclosing or who may foreclose
2	the mortg	age by power of sale, asking to receive notice of the
3	mortgagee	's intention to foreclose the mortgage under section
4	667-62.	The request for notice:
5	(1)	May be submitted any time after the recordation [or
6		filing] of the subject mortgage [at the bureau of
7		conveyances or the land court, but shall be]; provided
8		that the request is submitted prior to completion of
9		publication of notice of the intention to foreclose
10		the mortgage and of the sale of the mortgaged time
11		share interest;
12	(2)	Shall be signed by the mortgage creditor desiring to
13		receive notice, or its authorized representative; and
14	(3)	Shall specify the name and address of the person to
15		whom the notice is to be mailed."
16	SECT	ION 37. Section 667-71, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended b	y amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:
18	"(a)	This part shall apply to nonjudicial foreclosures
19	conducted	by power of sale under [parts I and] part II, of
20	residenti	al real property that is occupied by one or more
21	mortgagor	s who are owner-occupants.

1 (b) This part shall not apply to actions by an association 2 to foreclose on a lien for amounts owed to the association that 3 arise under a declaration filed pursuant to chapter 421J, 514A, 4 or 514B, or to a mortgagor who has previously participated in 5 dispute resolution under this part for the same property on the 6 same mortgage loan." 7 SECTION 38. Section 667-73, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows: 9 "(c) The department is authorized to contract with county, 10 state, or federal agencies, and with private organizations or 11 approved housing counselors or approved budget and credit 12 counselors for the performance of any of the functions of this 13 part. These contracts shall not be subject to chapter 103D or 14 103F." SECTION 39. Section 667-74, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 15 16 amended to read as follows: 17 "[+]\$667-74[+] Availability of dispute resolution required before foreclosure. Before a public sale may be conducted 18 19 pursuant to section [667-5 or] 667-25 for a residential property 20 that is occupied by an owner-occupant [as a primary residence], 21 the foreclosing mortgagee [shall], at the election of the owner-

occupant, shall participate in the mortgage foreclosure dispute

- 1 resolution program under this part to attempt to negotiate an
- 2 agreement that avoids foreclosure or mitigates damages in cases
- 3 where foreclosure is unavoidable."
- 4 SECTION 40. Section 667-75, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 "[+]\$667-75[+] Notice of dispute resolution availability
- 7 required. (a) A foreclosure notice served pursuant to section
- $8 \quad [\frac{667-5 \text{ or}}{6}] \quad 667-22 \text{ (e)} \quad \text{shall include notice that the mortgagee is}$
- 9 required, at the election of an owner-occupant, to participate
- 10 in the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program pursuant
- 11 to this part to attempt to avoid foreclosure or to mitigate
- 12 damages where foreclosure is unavoidable.
- 13 (b) The notice required by subsection (a) shall be printed
- 14 in not less than fourteen-point font and include:
- 15 (1) The name and contact information of the mortgagor and
- the mortgagee;
- 17 (2) The subject property address and legal description,
- including tax map key number and the certificate of
- title or transfer certificate of title number if
- 20 [within the land court's jurisdiction;] registered in
- 21 the land court;
- 22 (3) The name and contact information of a person or entity



1		authorized to negotiate a loan modification on behalf
2		of the mortgagee;
3	(4)	A statement that the mortgagor shall consult with an
4		approved housing counselor or an approved budget and
5		credit counselor at least thirty days prior to the
6		first day of a scheduled dispute resolution session;
7	(5)	Contact information for all [local] approved housing
8		counselors;
9	(6)	Contact information for all [local] approved budget
10		and credit counselors;
11	(7)	A statement that the mortgagor electing to participate
12		in the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program
13		shall provide a certification under penalty of perjury
14		to the department that the mortgagor is an owner-
15		occupant of the subject property, including supporting
16		documentation;
17	(8)	A general description of the information that an
18		owner-occupant electing to participate in the mortgage
19		foreclosure dispute resolution program is required to
20		provide to participate in the program as described
21		under section 667-80(c)(2);

```
1
         (9)
             A statement that the owner-occupant shall elect to
2
              participate in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
3
              resolution program pursuant to this part no later than
4
              thirty days after the department's mailing of the
5
              notice or the right shall be waived."
6
         SECTION 41. Section 667-76, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7
    amended to read as follows:
8
         "[+]$667-76[+] Mortgagee's filing of notice with
9
    department; filing fee. (a) Within three days after a
10
    mortgagee serves a foreclosure notice on an owner-occupant
11
    pursuant to section [667-5 or] 667-22, the mortgagee shall file
12
    the foreclosure notice with the department and pay a filing fee
13
    of $250, which shall be deposited into the mortgage foreclosure
14
    dispute resolution special fund established under section 667-
15
    86.
16
              [Violation of this section shall constitute an unfair
         (b)
17
    and deceptive act or practice subject to section 480-2. A
18
    mortgagee who elects to publish a public notice of public sale
19
    electronically pursuant to section 667-27(d)(2) or 667-F(d)(2)
20
    shall publish the notice by filing the same with the department
    and paying a filing fee of $ , which shall be deposited
21
```

1	into the	mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution special fund
2	establish	ed under section 667-86."
3	SECT	ION 42. Section 667-77, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended t	o read as follows:
5	"[ <del>+</del> ]	§667-77[] Notification to mortgagor by department.
6	Within te	n days after the mortgagee's filing of a notice of
7	default a	nd intention to foreclose with the department, the
8	departmen	t shall mail a written notification by registered or
9	certified	mail to the mortgagor that a notice of default and
10	intention	to foreclose has been filed with the department. The
11	notificat	ion shall inform the mortgagor of an owner-occupant's
12	right to	elect to participate in the foreclosure dispute
13	resolutio	n program and shall include:
14	(1)	Information about the mortgage foreclosure dispute
15		resolution program;
16	(2)	A form for an owner-occupant to elect or to waive
17		participation in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
18		resolution program pursuant to this part that shall
19		contain instructions for the completion and return of
20		the form to the department and the department's
21		mailing address;
22	(3)	A statement that the mortgagor electing to participate

1		in the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program
2		shall provide a certification under penalty of perjury
3		to the department that the mortgagor is an owner-
4		occupant of the subject property, including a
5		description of acceptable supporting documentation as
6		required by section 667-78(a)(2);
7	(4)	A statement that the owner-occupant shall elect to
8		participate in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
9		resolution program pursuant to this part no later than
10		thirty days after the department's mailing of the
11		notice or the owner-occupant shall be deemed to have
12		waived the option to participate in the mortgage
13		foreclosure dispute resolution program;
14	(5)	A description of the information required under
15		section 667-80(c)(2) that the owner-occupant shall
16		provide to the mortgagee and the neutral assigned to
17		the dispute resolution;
18	(6)	A statement that the owner-occupant shall consult with
19		an approved housing counselor or approved budget and
20		credit counselor at least thirty days prior to the
21		first day of a scheduled dispute resolution session;

(7) Contact information for all [local] approved housing

1	counselors;
2	(8) Contact information for all [local] approved budget
3	and credit counselors; and
4	(9) Contact information for the department.
5	The notification shall be mailed to the subject property address
6	and any other addresses for the mortgagor as provided in the
7	mortgagee's notice of dispute resolution under [+] section[+] 667
8	75 and the foreclosure notice under section [ <del>667-5 or</del> ] 667-
9	22(a)."
10	SECTION 43. Section 667-78, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended as follows:
12	1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
13	"(a) An owner-occupant elects to participate in the
14	mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program by returning to
15	the department:
16	(1) The completed program election form provided
17	[ <del>pursuant</del> ]:
18	(A) Pursuant to section 667-77(2); or
19	(B) On a website maintained by the department;
20	(2) Certification under penalty of perjury that the
21	mortgagor is an owner-occupant, accompanied with any
22	supporting documentation, including copies of recent

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1
              utility billing statements, voter registration
2
              records, real estate property tax records, or state
3
              identification forms; and
4
             A program fee of $300.
5
    The completed form and fees shall be received by the department
6
    no later than thirty days after mailing of the department's
    notification pursuant to section 667-77."
7
8
         2. By amending subsection (c) to read:
9
         "(c) If the owner-occupant does not elect to participate
10
    in dispute resolution pursuant to this part, the department
11
    shall notify the mortgagee within ten days of receiving an
12
    election form indicating nonelection or the termination of the
13
    thirty-day time period for election. After receiving the
14
    department's notification, the mortgagee may proceed with the
15
    nonjudicial foreclosure process according to the process
16
    provided in [part I or] part II of this chapter[, as
17
    applicable]."
18
         SECTION 44. Section 667-79, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19
    amended as follows:
20
         1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
21
         "(a) If an owner-occupant elects to participate in the
22
    mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program, the department
```

- ${f 1}$  shall open a dispute resolution case. Within twenty days of
- 2 receipt of the owner-occupant's election form and fee in
- 3 accordance with section 667-78, the department shall mail
- 4 written notification of the case opening to the parties and, if
- 5 applicable, the condominium or other homeowner association of
- 6 the project where the owner-occupant's property is located, by
- 7 registered mail, return receipt requested, which shall include:
- 8 (1) Notification of the date, time, and location of the
- 9 dispute resolution session;
- 10 (2) An explanation of the dispute resolution process;
- 11 (3) Information about the dispute resolution program
- requirements; and
- 13 (4) Consequences and penalties for noncompliance.
- 14 The dispute resolution session shall be scheduled for a date no
- 15 less than [thirty] forty and no more than [sixty] seventy days
- 16 from the date of the notification of case opening, unless
- 17 mutually agreed to by the parties and the neutral."
- 18 2. By amending subsection (c) to read:
- "(c) The written notification of a case opening under this
- 20 section shall operate as a stay of the foreclosure proceeding in
- 21 accordance with section  $667-83[_{7}]$  and may be  $[\frac{\text{filed or}}{\text{or}}]$

```
1
    recorded[, as appropriate, at the land court or bureau of
2
    conveyances]."
3
         SECTION 45. Section 667-80, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4
    amended as follows:
5
         1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
6
         "(a) The parties to a dispute resolution process conducted
7
    under this part shall consist of the owner-occupant or the
8
    owner-occupant's representative, and the mortgagee or the
9
    mortgagee's representative; provided that:
10
         (1) A representative of the mortgagee who participates in
11
              the dispute resolution shall be authorized to
12
              negotiate a loan modification on behalf of the
              mortgagee or shall have, at all stages of the dispute
13
              resolution process, direct access by telephone,
14
15
              videoconference, or other immediately available
16
              contemporaneous telecommunications medium to a person
              who is so authorized;
17
              The mortgagee and owner-occupant may be represented by
18
         (2)
19
              [counsel;] an attorney; and
20
         (3)
              The owner-occupant may be assisted by an approved
21
              housing counselor or approved budget and credit
22
              counselor."
```

1	2. E	By ame	ending subsection (c) to read:
2	"(C)	The	parties shall comply with all information
3	requests f	from t	the department or neutral. No less than fifteen
4	days prior	to t	the first day of the scheduled dispute resolution
5	session:		
6	(1)	The m	mortgagee shall provide to the department and the
7		morto	gagor:
8		(A)	A copy of the promissory note, signed by the
9			mortgagor, including any endorsements, allonges,
10			amendments, or riders to the note evidencing the
11			mortgage debt;
12		(B)	A copy of the mortgage document and any
13			amendments, riders, or other documentation
14			evidencing the mortgagee's right of nonjudicial
15			foreclosure and interest in the property
16			including any interest as a successor or
17			assignee; and
18		(C)	Financial records and correspondence that confirm
19			the mortgage loan is in default.
20	(2)	The o	owner-occupant shall provide to the department and
21		the m	mortgagee:
22		(A)	Documentation showing income qualification for a

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1		loan modification, including any copies of pay
2		stubs, W-2 forms, social security or disability
3		income, retirement income, child support income,
4		or any other income that the owner-occupant deems
5		relevant to the owner-occupant's financial
6		ability to repay the mortgage;
7	(B)	Any records or correspondence available which may
8		dispute that the mortgage loan is in default;
9	(C)	Any records or correspondence available
10		evidencing a loan modification or amendment;
11	(D)	Any records or correspondence available that
12		indicate the parties are currently engaged in
13		bona fide negotiations to modify the loan or
14		negotiate a settlement of the delinquency;
15	(E)	Names and contact information for approved
16		housing counselors, approved budget and credit
17		counselors, or representatives of the mortgagee,
18		with whom the owner-occupant may have or is
19		currently working with to address the
20		delinquency; and
21	(F)	Verification of counseling by an approved housing
22		counselor or approved budget and credit

```
1
                   counselor."
2
         SECTION 46. Section 667-81, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3
    amended by amending subsections (b), (c), and (d) to read as
4
    follows:
5
               If, despite the parties' participation in the dispute
6
    resolution process and compliance with the requirements of this
7
    part, the parties are not able to come to an agreement, the
    neutral shall file a closing report with the department that the
8
9
    parties met the program requirements. The mortgagee may [file
10
    or] record the report [at the bureau of conveyances or the land
11
    court, as appropriate]. Upon recording of the report pursuant
12
    to this subsection, the foreclosure process shall resume along
13
    the timeline as it existed on the date before the mortgagor
14
    elected dispute resolution, and may proceed as otherwise
15
    provided by law. The mortgagee shall notify the mortgagor of
16
    the recording date and document number of this report and the
17
    deadline date to cure default in an amended foreclosure notice.
18
    Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the
19
    neutral to wait the full sixty days allotted for dispute
20
    resolution to determine that the parties were unable to reach an
21
    agreement and file a report.
```

1 (c) If the parties have complied with the requirements of 2 this part and have reached an agreement, the agreement shall be 3 memorialized in [a settlement document] writing and signed by 4 the parties or their authorized representatives. [If the 5 parties or their authorized representatives participate in the 6 dispute resolution session in person, the settlement document 7 shall be signed in the presence of the neutral. If any of the 8 parties or their authorized representatives participate in the 9 dispute resolution through telephone, videoconference, or other 10 immediately available contemporaneous telecommunications medium, 11 the settlement document shall be signed and returned to the 12 neutral no later than ten days after the conclusion of the 13 dispute resolution session.] The parties shall be responsible 14 for drafting any agreement reached[, and for filing or recording 15 with the land court or the bureau of conveyances, as 16 appropriate, and enforcing the [settlement document.] **17** agreement. [The neutral shall file the settlement document with 18 the neutral's closing report.] The [settlement document] 19 agreement shall be a contract between the parties and shall be 20 enforceable in a private contract action in a court of 21 appropriate jurisdiction in the event of breach by either party. 22 If the [settlement document] agreement allows for foreclosure or

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- 1 other transfer of the subject property, the stay of the 2 foreclosure under section 667-83 shall be released upon [filing 3 or recording the settlement document with the land court or 4 bureau of conveyances, as appropriate.] the recordation of the 5 neutral's closing report. Thereafter, the office of the 6 assistant registrar of the land court or bureau of conveyances 7 may record a notice of sale or other conveyance document, as 8 appropriate. 9 If the parties to a dispute resolution process reach 10 an agreement which resolves the matters at issue in the dispute 11 resolution before the first day of the scheduled dispute 12 resolution session scheduled pursuant to this section, the 13 parties shall notify the neutral by that date. The neutral 14 shall thereafter issue a closing report that the parties have 15 reached an agreement prior to the commencement of a dispute 16 resolution session. If the agreement provides for foreclosure, **17** the parties shall memorialize the agreement in a writing signed 18 by both parties [and provided to the neutral. Any agreement 19 authorizing foreclosure shall be attached to the neutral's 20 closing report]. The parties may [file or] record the report 21 [at the bureau of conveyances or the land court, as 22 If the agreement authorizes foreclosure, the stay appropriate].
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1 of the foreclosure under section 667-83 shall be released upon 2 [filing or recording with the land court or bureau of 3 conveyances, as appropriate.] the recordation of the report. 4 Thereafter, the land court or bureau of conveyances may record a notice of sale or other conveyance document, as appropriate. No 5 6 fees shall be refunded if the parties come to an agreement prior 7 to a dispute resolution session conducted pursuant to this 8 part." 9 SECTION 47. Section 667-82, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 10 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 11 "(a) The neutral's closing report shall indicate if the 12 mortgagee or the owner-occupant failed to comply with 13 requirements of the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution 14 program. 15 In the case of the mortgagee, failure to comply with 16 the requirements of the program may consist of: 17 Participation in dispute resolution without the (A) 18 authority to negotiate a loan modification or 19 without access at all stages of the dispute 20 resolution process to a person who is so 21 authorized;

Failure to provide the required information or

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22

1			documents;
2		(C)	Refusal to cooperate or participate in dispute
3			resolution; or
4		(D)	Refusal or failure to pay program fees under
5			section 667-79 in a timely manner.
6	(2)	In t	he case of the owner-occupant, failure to comply
7		with	the requirements of the program may consist of:
8		(A)	Failure to provide the required information or
9			documents; or
10		(B)	Refusal to cooperate or participate in dispute
11	•		resolution[-];
12		prov	ided that failure by the mortgagee and the owner-
13		occu	pant to reach an agreement to resolve the dispute
14		shal	l not constitute failure by the mortgagee or the
15		owne	r-occupant to comply with the requirements of the
16		mort	gage foreclosure dispute resolution program."
17	SECT	ION 4	8. Section 667-83, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended by	y ame	nding subsection (a) to read as follows:
19	<b>"</b> (a)	The	written notification of a case opening under
20	section 60	67 <b>-</b> 79	shall operate as a stay of the foreclosure
21	proceeding	g[ <b>-</b> ]	and may be [filed or] recorded[, as appropriate,
22	at the lar	<del>nd co</del>	urt or bureau of conveyances.]; provided that:

1	<u>(1)</u>	The written notification shall not act as a stay on a
2		foreclosure proceeding by an association unless the
3		association has been provided notice pursuant to
4		sections 667-5.5, 667-21.5, or 667-79; and
5	(2)	The written notification shall not act as a stay on a
6		foreclosure proceeding for the purpose of the date by
7		which the default must be cured pursuant to section
8		667-22(a)(6)."
9	SECT	ION 49. Section 667-86, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
11	"(b)	All persons who record an affidavit in the office of
12	the assis	tant registrar of the land court, pursuant to section
13	501-118,	or who record a conveyance document in the bureau of
14	conveyance	es for an owner-occupied property subject to a
15	nonjudici	al power of sale foreclosure shall pay a fee of \$100,
16	which sha	ll be deposited into the mortgage foreclosure dispute
17	resolutio	n special fund on a quarterly basis."
18		PART IV
19	SECT	ION 50. Act 48, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, is
20	amended b	y amending section 45 to read as follows:
21	"SEC	TION 45. This Act shall take effect upon its approval
22	provided	that:



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1	(1)	The mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program
2		established by section 1 of this Act shall be
3		operative no later than October 1, 2011; and
4	[ <del>(2)</del>	Sections 1, 13, and 14 shall be repealed on
5		September 30, 2014, and sections 514A-90(h) and
6		514B-146(h), Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be
7		reenacted in the form in which they read on the day
8		before the effective date of this Act;
9	<del>(3)</del> ]	(2) Section 10 shall take effect on July 1, 2012[+].
10	[ <del>(4)</del>	Section 5 shall be repealed on December 31, 2012;
11	<del>(5)</del>	Section 7 shall be repealed on September 30, 2014, and
12		section 26-9(o), Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be
13		reenacted in the form in which it read on the day
14		before the effective date of this Act; and
15	<del>(6)</del>	Upon the repeal of section 1, all moneys remaining in
16		the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution special
17		fund established under section 667-P, Hawaii Revised
18		Statutes, shall be transferred to the compliance
19		resolution fund established under section 26-9(o),
20		Hawaii Revised Statutes.]"
21		PART V

1	SECTION 51. Section 667-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	repealed.
3	["\footnote 667-5 Foreclosure under power of sale; notice;
4	affidavit after sale; deficiency judgments. (a) When a power
5	of sale is contained in a mortgage, and where the mortgagee, the
6	mortgagee's successor in interest, or any person authorized by
7	the power to act in the premises, desires to foreclose under
8	power of sale upon breach of a condition of the mortgage, the
9	mortgagee, successor, or person shall be represented by an
10	attorney who is licensed to practice law in the State and is
11	physically located in the State. The attorney shall:
12	(1) Give notice of the mortgagee's, successor's, or
13	person's intention to foreclose the mortgage and of
14	the sale of the mortgaged property as follows:
15	(A) By serving, not less than twenty-one days before
16	the date of sale, written notice of intent to
17	foreclose on all persons entitled to notice under
18	this part in the same manner as service of a
19	civil complaint under chapter 634 and the Hawaii
20	rules of civil procedure; provided that in the
21	case of nonjudicial foreclosure of a lien by an
22	association against a mortgagor who is not an

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1 .	owner-occupant, the association shall mail the
2	notice by certified or registered mail, not less
3	than twenty-one days before the date of sale, to:
4	(i) The unit owner at the address shown in the
5	records of the association and, if
6	different, at the address of the unit being
7	foreclosed; and
8	(ii) All-mortgage creditors whose names are known
9	or can be discovered by the association; and
10	(B) By publication of the notice once in each of
11	three successive weeks, constituting three
12	publications with the last publication to be not
13	less than fourteen days before the day of sale,
14	in a daily newspaper having the largest general
15	circulation in the specific county in which the
16	mortgaged property lies; provided that for
17	property located in a county with a population of
18	more than one hundred thousand but less than
19	three hundred thousand, the public notice shall
20	be published in the newspaper having the largest
21	circulation expressly in the eastern or western
22	half of the county, corresponding to the location

1		of the subject property;
2	<del>(2)</del>	Give notice of the mortgagor's right to elect to
3		participate in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
4		resolution program pursuant to section 667-75 or to
5		convert the nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure to a
6		judicial foreclosure pursuant to section 667-53; and
7	<del>(3)</del>	Give any notices and do all acts as authorized or
8		required by the power contained in the mortgage.
9	<del>(b)</del>	Copies of the notice required under subsection (a)
10	shall be:	
11	<del>(1)</del>	Filed with the state director of taxation; and
12	<del>(2)</del>	Posted on the premises not less than twenty-one days
13		before the day of sale.
14	<del>(c)</del>	Upon the request of any person entitled to notice
15	<del>pursuant</del>	to this section and sections 667-5.5 and 667-6, the
16	attorney,	the mortgagee, successor, or person represented by the
17	attorney :	shall disclose to the requestor the following
18	<del>informati</del>	on:
19	<del>(1)</del>	The amount to cure the default, together with the
20		estimated amount of the foreclosing mortgagee's
21		attorneys' fees and costs, and all other fees and
22		costs estimated to be incurred by the foreclosing

1	mortgagee related to the default prior to the auction
2	within five business days of the request; and
3	(2) The sale price of the mortgaged property once
4	auctioned.
5	(d) Any sale, of which notice has been given pursuant to
6	subsections (a) and (b) may be postponed from time to time by
7	public announcement made by the mortgagee or by a person acting
8	on the mortgagee's behalf. Upon request made by any person who
9	is entitled to notice pursuant to section 667-5.5 or 667-6, or
10	this section, the mortgagee or person acting on the mortgagee's
11	behalf shall provide the date and time of a postponed auction,
12	or if the auction is canceled, information that the auction was
13	canceled. The mortgagee, within thirty days after selling the
14	property in pursuance of the power, shall file a copy of the
15	notice of sale and the mortgagee's affidavit, setting forth the
16	mortgagee's acts in the premises fully and particularly, in the
17	bureau of conveyances.
18	(e) The mortgagee or other person, excluding an
19	association, who completes the nonjudicial foreclosure of a
20	mortgage or other lien on residential property pursuant to this
21	part shall not be entitled to pursue or obtain a deficiency
22	judgment against an owner-occupant of the residential property

```
who, at the time the notice of intent to foreclose is served,
1
    does not have a fee simple or leasehold ownership interest in any
2
    other real property.
3
4
         Nothing in this section shall prohibit any other mortgagee
5
    or person who holds a lien on the residential property subject to
    the nonjudicial foreclosure, whose lien is subordinate to the
6
    mortgage being foreclosed and is extinguished by the nonjudicial
7
    foreclosure sale, from pursuing a monetary judgment against an
8
9
    owner-occupant.
        (f) Subject to the requirements of part V, the affidavit and
10
    copy of the notice shall be recorded and indexed by the
11
12
    registrar, in the manner provided in chapter 501 or 502, as the
13
    case may be.
         (q) This section is inapplicable if the mortgagee is
14
15
    foreclosing as to personal property only."]
16
         SECTION 52. Section 667-5.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17
    repealed.
         ["[$667-5.7] Public sale. At any public sale pursuant to
18
    section 667-5, the successful bidder at the public sale, as the
19
    purchaser, shall not be required to make a downpayment to the
20
    foreclosing mortgagee of more than ten per cent of the highest
21
22
    successful bid price."]
```



SECTION 53. Section 667-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 1 2 repealed. 3 ["\\$667-6 Notice to mortgage creditors. Whenever a 4 mortgage creditor having a mortgage lien on certain premises 5 desires notice that another mortgage creditor having a mortgage 6 lien on the same premises intends to foreclose the mortgage and 7 sell the mortgaged property pursuant to a power of sale under 8 section 667-5, the mortgage creditor may submit a written 9 request to the mortgagee forcelosing or who may forcelose the 10 mortgage by power of sale, to receive notice of the mortgagee's 11 intention to foreclose the mortgage under power of sale. This 12 request for notice may be submitted any time after the 13 recordation or filing of the subject mortgage at the bureau of 14 conveyances or the land court, but must be submitted prior to 15 the completion of the publication of the mortgagee's notice of 16 intention to foreclose the mortgage and of the sale of the 17 mortgaged property. This request shall be signed by the 18 mortgage creditor, or its authorized representative, desiring to 19 receive notice, specifying the name and address of the person to 20 whom the notice is to be mailed. The mortgagee receiving the 21 request shall thereafter give notice to all mortgage creditors who have timely submitted their request. The notice shall be 22

sent by mail or otherwise communicated to the mortgage 1 2 creditors, not less than seven calendar days prior to the date 3 of-sale. 4 No request for copy of any notice pursuant to this section 5 nor any statement or allegation in any such request nor any record thereof shall affect the title to real property or be 6 7 deemed notice to any person that any party requesting copy of the notice has or claims any right, title, or interest in, or 8 9 lien or charge upon the property described in the mortgage 10 referred to therein." 11 SECTION 54. Section 667-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 12 repealed. 13 ["\$667-7 Notice, contents; affidavit. (a) The notice of intention of foreclosure shall contain: 14 15 (1) A-description of the mortgaged property; and 16 (2) A statement of the time and place proposed for the **17** sale thereof at any time after the expiration of four 18 weeks from the date when first advertised. 19 (b) The affidavit described under section 667-5 may lawfully be made by any person duly authorized to act for the 20 21 mortgagee, and in such capacity conducting the foreclosure."]

```
1
         SECTION 55. Section 667-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2
    repealed.
3
         ["$667-8 Affidavit as evidence, when. If it appears by
4
    the affidavit that the affiant has in all respects complied with
    the requirements of the power of sale and the statute, in
5
6
    relation to all things to be done by the affiant before selling
7
    the property, and has sold the same in the manner required by
8
    the power, the affidavit, or a duly certified copy of the record
9
    thereof, shall be admitted as evidence that the power of sale
10
    was duly executed."]
11
         SECTION 56. Section 667-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12
    repealed.
13
         ["[$667-14] Recordation of foreclosure notice. The
14
    foreclosing mortgagee may record a copy of the foreclosure
15
    notice with the assistant registrar of the land court or the
16
    bureau of conveyances, as appropriate, in a manner similar to
17
    recordation of notices of pendency of action under section 501-
18
    151 or section 634-51, as applicable. The recorded notice shall
19
    have the same effect as a notice of pendency of action. From
20
    and after the recordation of the notice, any person who becomes
21
    a purchaser or encumbrancer of the mortgaged property shall be
22
    deemed to have constructive notice of the power of sale
```

1	foreclosu:	re and shall be bound by the foreclosure."]
2	SECT	ION 57. Section 667-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	repealed.	
4	[" <del>[\$</del>	667-15] Location of public sale following power of
5	sale fore	closure. The public sale of the mortgaged property
6	shall be	held only on grounds or at facilities under the
7	administr	ation of the State, as follows:
8	<del>(1)</del>	At the state capitol, for a public sale of mortgaged
9		property located in the city and county of Honolulu;
10	<del>(2)</del>	At a state facility in Hilo, for a public sale of
11		mortgaged property located in the eastern portion of
12		the county of Hawaii;
13	<del>(3)</del>	At a state facility in Kailua-Kona, for a public sale
14		of mortgaged property located in the western portion
15		of the county of Hawaii;
16	<del>(4)</del>	At a state facility in the county seat of Maui, for a
17		public sale of mortgaged property located in the
18		county of Maui; and
19	<del>(5)</del>	At a state facility in the county seat of Kauai, for
20		public sale of mortgaged property located in the
21		county of Kauai;

```
1
    as designated by the department of accounting and general
    services; provided that no public sale shall be held on grounds
2
3
    or at facilities under the administration of the judiciary. The
4
    public sale shall be held during business hours on a business
5
    day."]
6
         SECTION 58. Section 667-21.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7
    repealed.
8
         ["[$667-21.6] Foreclosure of association lien; cure of
9
    default. If a unit owner notifies the association or its
10
    attorney by certified mail return receipt requested or by hand-
11
    delivery within five business days following a response to the
12
    unit owner's request for the amount to cure a default, together
13
    with an estimated amount of the foreclosing association's
14
    attorneys' fees and costs, and all other fees and costs related
15
    to the default estimated to be incurred by the foreclosing
    association, that it intends to cure the default, the
16
17
    association shall allow sixty calendar days to the unit owner to
    cure the default. The association shall not reject a reasonable
18
19
    payment plan for cure of the default; provided that a reasonable
    plan shall require the owner to pay at a minimum the current
20
21
    maintenance fee and some amount owed on the past due balance.
22
    From and after the date that the unit owner gives written notice
```

```
to the association of its intent to cure the delinquency, any
1
2
    nonjudicial foreclosure of the lien shall be stayed pending the
    sixty-day period or a longer period that is agreed upon by the
3
4
    parties."
         SECTION 59. Section 667-26, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5
6
    repealed.
7
         ["$667-26 Public showing of mortgaged property. (a) If
8
    the default is not cured as stated in the notice of default and
9
    intention to foreclose, the foreclosing mortgagee shall conduct
10
    two open houses of the mortgaged property before the public
11
    sale; provided that the foreclosing mortgagee timely received
12
    the signed letter of agreement from the mortgagor as required by
13
    the notice of default and intention to foreclose. Only two open
14
    houses shall be required even if the date of the public sale is
15
    postponed.
         (b) Even if the signed letter of agreement is timely
16
    received, if there is no subsequent cooperation by the mortgagor
17
    to allow two open houses, the public sale may be held without
18
    any open houses of the mortgaged property. If the public notice
19
    of the public sale advertised the dates and times of the open
20
    houses, but there were no open houses because of the lack of
21
    cooperation by the mortgagor, the public sale may still be held
22
```

```
1
    as advertised, and the public notice of the public sale may not
2
    need to be republished."]
3
         SECTION 60. Section 667-50, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4
    repealed.
5
         ["<del>[$667-50] Definitions.</del> For purposes of this chapter,
6
    "foreclosure notice" shall mean notice of intention to foreclose
7
    given pursuant to section 667-5 or notice of default and
8
    intention to foreclose prepared pursuant to section 667-22."]
9
         SECTION 61. Section 667-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10
    repealed.
11
         ["[$667-61] Definitions. For the purposes of sections
12
    667-62 to 667-65, "time share interest" shall have the same
13
    meaning as in section 514E-1."]
14
         SECTION 62. Section 667-72, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15
    repealed.
16
         ["[$667-72] Definitions. As used in this part:
         "Approved budget and credit counselor" means a budget and
17
    credit counseling agency that has received approval from a
18
19
    United States trustee or bankruptcy administrator to provide
20
    instructional courses concerning personal financial management
21
    pursuant to Title 11 United States Code section 111.
```

1	"Approved housing counselor" means a housing counseling
2	agency that has received approval from the United States
3	Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide housing
4	counseling services pursuant to section 106(a)(2) of the Housing
5	and Urban Development Act of 1968, Title 12 United States Code
6	section 1701x.
7	"Association" has the same meaning as in sections 514B-3
8	and 421J-2.
9	"Department" means the department of commerce and consumer
10	affairs.
11	"Director" means the director of commerce and consumer
12	affairs.
13	"Dispute resolution" means a facilitated negotiation
14	between a mortgagor and mortgagee for the purpose of reaching ar
15	agreement for mortgage loan modification or other agreement in
16	an attempt to avoid foreclosure or to mitigate damages if
17	foreclosure is unavoidable.
18	"Mortgagee" has the same meaning as the term is defined in
19	section 667-21.
20	"Mortgagor" has the same meaning as the term is defined in
21	section 667-21.

```
1
         "Neutral" means a person who is a dispute resolution
    specialist assigned to facilitate the dispute resolution process
2
3
    required by this part.
4
         "Owner-occupant" means a person, at the time that a notice
5
    of default and intention to foreclose is served on the mortgagor
6
    under the power of sale:
7
         (1) Who owns an interest in the residential property, and
8
              the interest is encumbered by the mortgage being
9
              foreclosed; and
10
         (2) For whom the residential property is and has been the
11
              person's primary residence for a continuous period of
12
              not less than two hundred days immediately preceding
13
              the date on which the notice is served."]
         SECTION 63. In codifying the new sections added by
14
15
    sections 2 and 5 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall
16
    substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in
    designating the new sections in this Act.
17
18
         SECTION 64. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
19
    and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
20
         SECTION 65. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050;
21
    provided that:
```

## S.B. NO. 2429 S.D. 2

1	(1)	Section 6 of this Act, amending section 454M-5, Hawaii
2		Revised Statutes, shall take effect on July 1, 2012;
3		and
4	(2)	Section 27 of this Act, amending section 667-41,
5		Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall take effect on
6		September 1 2012

#### Report Title:

Mortgage Foreclosures; Homeowner Association Liens and Assessments

#### Description:

Implements the 2011 recommendations of the mortgage foreclosure task force, and other best practices, to address various issues relating to the mortgage foreclosures law and related issues affecting homeowner association liens and the collection of unpaid assessments. Repeals the nonjudicial foreclosure process under part I of chapter 667, HRS. Makes permanent the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program and the process for converting nonjudicial foreclosures of residential property into judicial foreclosures. Repeals the provision excluding participants of the dispute resolution program from converting nonjudicial foreclosure proceedings to judicial actions. Deletes language requiring open houses of foreclosed condominium and community association units and makes conforming amendments. Effective 07/01/50. (SD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.